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This report together with additional information on the property portfolio is available at: www.ambitprops.co.za



Park Meadows, Kensington, Gauteng

## **Executive Summary**



#### **PROFILE**

Ambit Properties Limited (Ambit or The Company) is a property loan stock company which listed on the JSE Securities Exchange South Africa (JSE) in the Financials – Real Estate sector on 4 February 2004. (Share Code: ABT, ISN: ZAE000051645).

The market capitalisation of the company as at 30 September 2006 was R606 million.

The Group (Ambit and its subsidiary, Whirlprops 37 (Proprietary) Limited) has an investment in a property portfolio of 27 properties and an investment in Oryx Properties Limited (Oryx), a property loan stock company listed on the Namibian Stock Exchange.

#### INVESTMENT STRATEGY, OBJECTIVES AND PROSPECTS

To provide investors with sustainable and growing income, and the associated capital appreciation, from an investment portfolio of retail, office and industrial properties. To maintain the existing high quality of the portfolio and expand it with property acquisitions largely in the major metropolitan areas which offer good rental growth prospects. Ambit will also continue to seek investment opportunities in selected neighbouring countries.

#### **HIGHLIGHTS**

	30 September 2006	30 September 2005 (Restated)
Distribution (cents per unit)	29,60	27,50
Income yield on unit price at beginning of year	9,2%	12,6%
Weighted average headline earnings (cents per unit)	32,24	31,30
Weighted average earnings (cents per unit)	77,20	77,91
Number of properties	27	29
Value of property portfolio (R)	824 550 000	671 000 000
Oryx investment (R)	110 927 000	82 944 000
Net asset value including distribution yet to be paid (cents per unit)	326	275
Linked units in issue	186 482 837	173 814 215
Market price (cents per unit)	325	323
(Discount)/premium to net asset value	(0,3%)	17,5%
Borrowings (R)	315 960 000	267 199 000
Interest bearing borrowings as a percentage of long-term assets	33,8%	35,5%

## Directorate & Administration



From top left to right R D Jeffery, R R Emslie, N B S Harris, D L Brown, F Uys, J H Beare, I N Mkhari and W H Raffinetti

#### Directors of Ambit Properties Limited

(Registration number: 2001/007003/06) as at 30 September 2006 and at the date of this report are:

#### D L Brown (59) (FRICS, MIV (SA)) # \*

#### Non-executive independent Chairman

He has 38 years experience in commercial real estate focused principally on development, leasing and asset management. He was previously the managing director of Equity Estates (Proprietary) Limited, until his retirement earlier this year.

#### N B S Harris (64) (FRICS) #

#### Chief Executive Officer

#### Executive director

He has over 40 years experience in property. He was a director of Marriott Property Services (Proprietary) Limited. He is a director of Oryx Properties Limited (listed on the Namibian Stock Exchange), is a past president of the South African Property Owners Association and is chairman of the South African Board of the Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors.

#### J H Beare (52) (BComm, CA(SA)) # • (C)

#### Non-executive independent director

He has 18 years experience in the property industry. He is the managing director of Beare Holdings (Proprietary) Limited which is extensively involved in property investment, development and administration. He was a business service partner of Pim Goldby (now Deloitte & Touche).

#### R R Emslie (48) (BComm (Hons), CA (SA))

#### Non-executive director

He has 19 years banking experience with Absa Bank Limited with senior appointments in both ACMB and the Business Bank. In August 2004 he was appointed as an executive director of the Absa Group. He is a director of Paramount Property Fund Limited.



#### R D Jeffery (61) Alternate director to R R Emslie (MBA)

#### Non-executive director

He has 41 years banking experience including 11 years experience in commercial property finance. He is a general manager within the Business Banking Services Division of Absa Bank Limited heading up the Commercial Property Finance Department. He is a director of Paramount Property Fund Limited.

#### I N Mkhari (32) (BA Soc. Science) \*

#### Non-executive independent director

Ipeleng is the Chief Investment Officer of Motseng Investment Holdings (Proprietary) Limited. In 1998 she founded Phosa Iliso CCTV; the first black woman-owned and managed CCTV business in South Africa. She later co-founded Motseng Investment Holdings and is a shareholder of Motseng Investment Holdings. She is a director of all Motseng group subsidiaries, Kap International and Marriott Property Fund Managers Limited.

#### F Uys (59) (BA, BComm (Hons), MComm) (Namibian) •

#### Non-executive independent director

His experience includes being the managing director of Metje & Ziegler Limited from 1996 to 2004, of TransNamib Limited from 1989 to 1996 and a senior executive of the Trencor Group from 1970 to 1989. He founded the Road Transport Association in Namibia in 1976 and acted as chairman until 1980. He has served on various Government and advisory bodies in Namibia as well as in South Africa. He was chairman of the Namibian Stock Exchange from 1999 to 2001. He has been the chairman of FP du Toit Transport (Proprietary) Limited since 1999, is the chairman of Intercape Ferreira Mainliner (Proprietary) Limited and is a director of Oryx Properties Limited.

- # Member of the Investment Committee
- Member of the Risk, Audit and Compliance Committee
- \* Member of the Remuneration Committee
- (C) Chairman of relevant sub-committee

#### Administration

Ambit has changed its registered office and as from 1 December 2006, the registered office is:

#### Ambit Properties Limited

First Floor, 4 Fricker Road Illovo, 2196 P O Box 618, Melrose Arch, 2076

#### Company secretary and manager

Ambit Management Services (Proprietary) Limited First Floor, 4 Fricker Road Illovo, 2196 P O Box 618, Melrose Arch, 2076

#### Trustee

Steinway Trustees (Proprietary) Limited The Manor House 14 Nuttall Gardens Morningside Durban, 4001 P O Box 37957, Overport, 4067

#### Commercial bank

Absa Bank Limited Business Banking Services Palazzo Towers West Monte Casino Boulevard Fourways, 2055 P O Box 782991, Sandton, 2146

#### Merchant bank

Grindrod Bank Limited Building Three, First Floor, North Wing Commerce Square, 39 Rivonia Road Cnr Helling Road, Sandton PO Box 78011, Sandton, 2146

#### Auditors

Deloitte & Touche
Deloitte & Touche Place
2 Pencarrow Crescent
La Lucia, Durban, 4001
P O Box 243, Durban, 4000

#### Transfer secretary

Computershare Investor Services 2004 (Proprietary) Limited 70 Marshall Street Johannesburg, 2001 P O Box 61051, Marshalltown, 2017

#### **Sponsors**

Exchange Sponsors (Proprietary) Limited Building Three, First Floor, North Wing Commerce Square, 39 Rivonia Road Cnr Helling Road, Sandton PO Box 78011, Sandton, 2146

## Chairman & Chief Executive Officer's Report

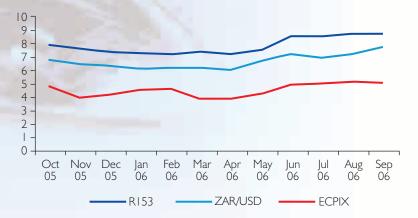
Ambit has performed well for the year under review providing investors with steady income growth. Ambit's distributable earnings for the financial year ended 30 September 2006 amounts to R55,2million or 29,6 cents per unit (cpu) which shows growth of 7,6% over the 2005 distribution (2005: 27,5cpu). The second half distribution of 15,6cpu shows growth of 11,4% over the first half year distribution of 14,0cpu.

#### I. ECONOMIC REVIEW

The economy continued the sound 4% growth of the past few years and at last job creation was positive.

Inflation remained within the Reserve Bank target of 3-6%, albeit edging towards the upper end of the band. Consumer spending continued to grow, but this was tempered by the 0.5% interest rate increases in June and August. However, the weakening of the Rand against the major currencies will have a positive impact on exports.

Business confidence ended the period under review at the same positive levels at which it commenced the year.

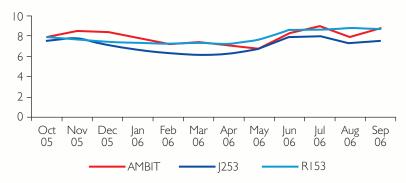


#### 2. LISTED PROPERTY

The listed property sector started the period under review as a favoured asset class, with the strong investor demand driving the South African Property Index (SAPY) index well below the benchmark Government long bond yields (the R153).

By May 2006, the SAPY index reached a peak of 465 from which it rapidly retreated 25% over the next 2 months following the global re-rating of the emerging markets and the Reserve Bank increase in interest rates.

However, the underlying property fundamentals had not changed and ongoing growth in distributions from the sector soon had investors recognising the over sold situation and returning to this asset class. By the end of September 2006 the index had recovered to 408, within 12% of its May high.



The market capitalisation of the sector commenced the period under review at R45 billion and, by the end of September 2006, stood at R57 billion.



#### Listed Property Market Capitalisation



#### 3. THE PROPERTY MARKET

The strong economic conditions have had a substantial impact on the commercial property market. Demand for retail space has continued, only being satisfied by further new centres being brought to the market.

According to SAPOA's statistics, vacancies in A grade offices in the popular decentralised office nodes have halved from about 7% to 3,5%.

Industrial and warehousing demand in all popular areas has virtually filled the available space and there is pressure on remaining vacant land from end users and developers.

Rentals are rising in both the office and industrial sectors driven by demand and increasing building costs, which have risen substantially over the past two years.

The Investment Property Data Bank (IPD), which measures direct property returns, and at December 2005 reflected a database of R81 billion (2005: R74,7 billion), recorded a total return of 30,1% for 2005. The retail and industrial sectors were the top performers as can be seen below.

Total return (%)	2002	2003	2004	2005
Retail	11,0	17,3	26,2	33,0
Office	5,0	8,9	16,6	24,5
Industrial	8,8	17,7	24,4	33,1
All Property	9,6	15,3	23,4	30,1
Income return (%)				
Retail	9,0	9,7	9,9	9,5
Office	10,3	10,9	10,7	10,9
Industrial	12,3	13,6	13,6	12,4
All Property	9,8	10,5	10,6	10,3
				Source: IPD

The consistent income return from each of the major sectors over the last few years is clearly demonstrated and it is this which forms the foundation of distribution growth to unitholders.

Ambit, with an income return of 11,5%, outperformed the listed fund index income return of 11% for the 2005 period, but marginally lagged the growth index of 20,8% with 17,4%. This gave Ambit a total return of 30,8% for the year.

#### 4. REVIEW OF FINANCIAL RESULTS

Ambit has performed steadily for the year under review, with distributions showing 7,6% growth over 2005. The core property portfolio showed a 15% growth in value over 2005.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) for the first time in the current year, and IFRS I (First time adoption of IFRS) has been applied. The adoption of IFRS has not resulted in any adjustments to the amounts reported previously in the annual financial statements for the year ended 30 September 2005 or to the opening IFRS balance sheet at I October 2004. However, a change in accounting interpretation of IAS 32 has resulted in the reclassification of share premium to debenture premium and in the amortisation of the resultant debenture premium. This will increase earnings over the life of the debentures, and the Group has elected to transfer the amount to non-distributable reserves in order not to affect distributions. This has had the effect of increasing earnings by R1,8 million or 0,99 cents per weighted number of units in the current year (2005: R1,2 million or 0,72 cents) and increasing the opening balance of non-distributable reserves in 2005 by R0,7 million.

## Chairman & Chief Executive Officer's Report (continued)

#### 4. REVIEW OF FINANCIAL RESULTS (continued)

In terms of IAS 17: Leases, rental income is recognised on the straight line basis. The directors believe that the straight line basis is inappropriate and this method of accounting does not add value to users of financial statements. The cash flows inherent in the leases and the straight line adjustment are separately disclosed in the financial statements in order to assist users to calculate growth trends.

#### 5. AMBIT UNIT PRICE

Ambit's unit price has shown very little growth over the 12 month period (325 cents at 30 September 2006, versus 323 cents at 30 September 2005). This is due to the fall in the price of listed property stocks in June 2006. Ambit's historic yield on its price at 30 September 2006 was 8,7%, versus the SAPY index of 7.4%.

The volatility of 2006 resulting from the seemingly insatiable retail investment demand for listed property in the first half of 2006, and the corrective interest rate increases thereafter, can be seen from the graph below. Ambit's high of 435cpu in May, the low of 285cpu only two months later and the year-end price of 325cpu clearly indicate just how the market over-reacted in June and July.



During the year under review, 51% of Ambit's listed units were traded which represents a total value of R322,9 million.

#### 6. THE PROPERTY PORTFOLIO

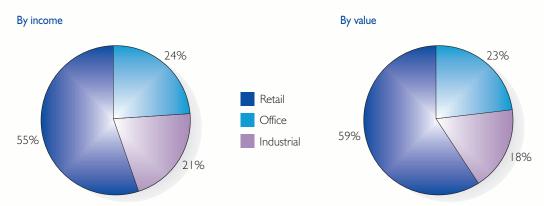
At year-end, the portfolio comprised 27 quality properties, with a rentable area of 154 029m<sup>2</sup>.

#### 6.1 Geographic and sectoral profile

#### 6.1.1 Sectoral spread

Ambit listed with a sectorally diversified property portfolio with a bias towards retail properties. It is management's intention to maintain a spread across the 3 major sectors of the commercial property market. The major sectors of the market operate on slightly different cycles of demand and rental growth and thus at times opportunities arise in each sector for investment acquisitions which show good growth potential.

The sectoral spread of Ambit's portfolio is set out below. All amounts exclude straight line adjustments.



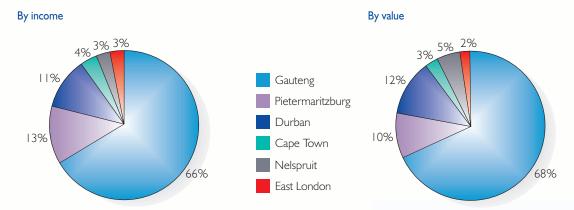
By value, retail has increased from 57% in 2005 to 59% in 2006 and income contribution increased by 3% as a result of the acquisition of Lowveld Lifestyle Centre.



#### 6.1.2 Geographic Spread

Ambit's strategy is to predominantly invest in properties located in the major metropolitan areas and this strategy has been maintained.

The geographic spread is set out below.



The acquisition of the Lowveld Lifestyle Centre in Nelspruit has marginally reduced the exposure to Gauteng by value by 3% from last year to 68% this year-end.

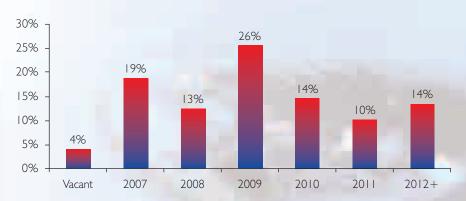
#### 6.2 Lease structure, vacancies and expiry profile

During the period under review, leases in respect of 14,6% by rental value (13 783m²) of the portfolio fell due for renewal and of these, 74% by rental value (9 919m²) were successfully renewed. The space that was vacated was substantially re-let as can be seen in the continuing high occupancy levels.

The vacancy is low at 3,80% by rental value (3,5% by area, 5 3 10m²) and is marginally above the levels at the end of last year of 3 981m² (2,6%). The bulk of this vacancy (3 766m²) is in the office portfolio where the prospects of leasing are encouraging.

#### 6.3 Lease expiry profile

The lease expiry profile determined by rental value is reflected below:



The favourable lease expiry profile continues with no more than 26% of the portfolio's contractual income falling due for renewal in a particular year. The increase in expiries in 2009 is a result of a number of 3-year leases being concluded during 2006. During 2007, the bulk of the renewals lie within the office sector.

#### 6.4 Operating costs

The operating costs of the buildings represent 25,3% of the gross rental income. These costs include all property related expenses without netting off recoveries, include property management fees, but exclude the asset management fees of the portfolio and interest on borrowings. Last year these costs represented 25,9% and in 2004 were 25,1% showing that the costs are being consistently maintained.

Of the total expenditure (excluding rates, municipal charges, collection commission and insurance) the value of procurement paid to black owned companies increased from 35% in 2005 to 50% at year-end and is in line with the target Ambit set in 2004.

## Chairman & Chief Executive Officer's Report (continued)

#### 6.5 Acquisitions

During the year Ambit took transfer of a building leased to Absa in Roodepoort on a 5-year lease at a price of R22,5 million on a forward yield of 11.1%.

Lowveld Lifestyle Centre in Nelspruit was acquired at a cost of R43,2 million on a forward yield of 9,1%. This retail/ lifestyle centre is anchored by Wetherleys and is 79% let to national companies or their franchisees.

In July 2006, Ambit acquired 50% of a property in Old Main Road, Pinetown, jointly with a subsidiary of Highpine Properties (Proprietary) Limited, a company concentrating on retail property investment in the Pinetown area, at a joint cost of R28,3 million. The co-owners intend to redevelop the site to create a shopping centre which will benefit from the site's prime location between Pinecrest Shopping Centre and the taxi terminus.

The development will be undertaken during 2007 but is presently let and is income producing.

#### 6.6 Disposals

The five properties which Ambit contracted to sell in the 2005 financial year, were transferred in January 2006. These realised a post capital gains tax profit of RI,0 million.

#### 6.7 Portfolio revaluation

The portfolio was valued by independent valuers, CB Richard Ellis, as at 30 September 2006.

The valuation reflects a portfolio value of R824,6 million. The core portfolio (excluding additions and disposals) showed an increase in value of 15% over the year.

#### 7. INVESTMENT IN ORYX PROPERTIES LIMITED

Oryx comprises a quality portfolio of well tenanted investment properties, principally located in Windhoek.

Oryx again produced excellent results, with distributions amounting to 78 cents for the year ended 30 June 2006, showing an 11% growth over the previous year's distributions. Realisable net asset value increased to 859 cents per unit (2005: 721cpu). During the year, Oryx completed its development of Phase II of Maerua Mall. The expanded Maerua Complex (39 800m² of retail space) is fully tenanted and is trading well. At its year-end, Oryx had a portfolio of 17 properties with an open market value of N\$560,6 million and a vacancy of 1%.

During the year Oryx undertook a rights issue, which, although slightly dilutionary to Ambit in 2006, due to the prepayment of distributions, offered a sound yield for 2007 and beyond. Ambit followed its rights and applied for further units, thereby increasing its stake marginally to 30,6% (2005: 30,5%). At the date of this report Oryx was trading at 820 cents, which is 4,5% below its realisable net asset value. It therefore continues to offer sound investment value to Ambit.



2-4 Golf Course Drive, Mount Edgecombe, Durban



#### 7. INVESTMENT IN ORYX PROPERTIES LIMITED (continued)

Oryx is classified as an associate to Ambit. Ambit's share of the retained earnings of Oryx for the year was R12,5 million. This, combined with the rights issue and increased unitholding, has taken Ambit's holding in Oryx to R110,9 million and represents 11,9% of Ambit's investment portfolio.

#### 8. FUNDING ARRANGEMENTS

As at year-end Ambit had interest bearing borrowings of R3 I 6 million largely with ABSA and Nedbank who are Ambit's long-term financiers. This reflects a long-term borrowings to long-term asset ratio of 33,8% (2005: 35,5%). During March 2006, Ambit renegotiated the interest rates on its facilities and reduced the cost of variable borrowings by 50 basis points and fixed borrowings by 80 basis points.

At year-end, R183,7 million (58%) of the debt was on fixed interest contracts (2005: R145 million or 54%). Ambit's average cost of debt at year-end was 9.7% p.a. (2005: 10,2% p.a.). The fixed and floating debt structure is set out in Note 14 to the financial statements. Management and the board will continue to actively manage the funding and interest rate risk.

#### 9. BLACK ECONOMIC EMPOWERMENT (BEE)

During the year management engaged in discussions to introduce an identified BEE group. However, these were terminated following differences between the shareholders of the management Company, Ambit Management Services (Proprietary) Ltd (AMS). The Board and management are committed to concluding a meaningful transaction with an appropriate BEE group during 2007.

#### 10. MANAGEMENT COMPANY

In August 2006, Absa Bank Limited acquired the rights to the remaining 50% interest in AMS held by Marriott Corporate Property.

The AMS staff who were seconded from Marriott undertook to manage the year-end accounting, audit and the preparation of the financial statements. AMS has recruited new staff and resources and will relocate its offices to 4 Fricker Road, Illovo from 1 December 2006.

#### 11. PROSPECTS

The fundamentals of the underlying property market continue to firm notwithstanding the recent interest rate increases and the prospects of further increases in the next 12 months. Office and industrial rentals are increasing which will provide income growth from the existing portfolio when leases are renewed.

Ambit's strategy is to increase its property portfolio to in excess of R1,5 billion and its market capitalisation to in excess of R1 billion during the next year and management expects to be able to make announcements of acquisitions in the near future. There is no change to the strategy of owning quality properties in good growth nodes.

Nick Harris has been requested and has accepted to remain on as the Chief Executive Officer of the Group until the end of June 2007 to manage the transition of AMS and to conclude and bed down the initial tranches of the anticipated growth of the asset base.

During the first half of 2007, the Board will be appointing a new Chief Executive Officer to ensure a smooth handover.

We would like to express our appreciation to management and in particular to those seconded to AMS from Marriott for their dedication and hard work in what, for some of them, has been a difficult period. We would also thank the non-executive directors for their support, experience and advice during the past year.

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D L Brown Chairman 23 November 2006

18M\_\_\_

N B S Harris
Chief Executive Officer
23 November 2006

## Corporate Governance Review

30 September 2006

The board of directors is committed to the implementation of good corporate governance within the group and endorses the principles of openness, integrity, accountability and transparency. The board has adopted and applied the Code of Corporate Practices and Conduct as set out in the King II Report. The Board is of the opinion that the Group currently complies with all the significant requirements as set out in the King II report and the Listings Requirements of the JSE Limited.

In doing so, the directors recognise the need to conduct the enterprise with integrity in accordance with generally acceptable corporate policies. This includes timely, relevant and meaningful reporting to its unitholders and other stakeholders; and providing a proper and objective perspective of Ambit.

The directors have accordingly established mechanisms and policies appropriate to the Group's business in keeping with its commitment to the best practices in corporate governance in order to ensure compliance with the King II Report. The directors will review these from time to time.

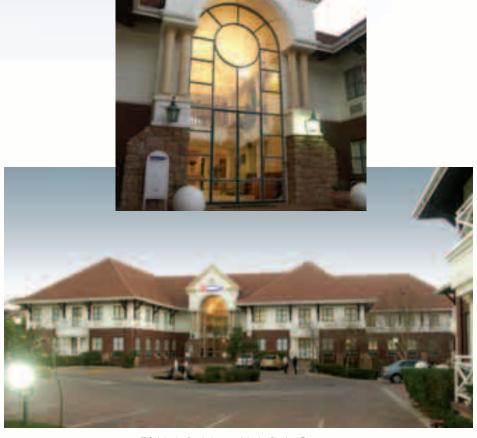
#### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS AND ITS SUB-COMMITTEES**

The board of directors consists of an executive director and five non-executive directors, four of whom are independent non-executives and hence the majority of the board comprises independent non-executives. These non-executive directors bring to the Group a wide range of skills and experience that enable them to contribute an independent view and to exercise objective judgement in matters requiring directors' decisions. The chairman is a non-executive director, whose role is independent from the executive director.

The executive director holds a service contract. All non-executive directors are subject to retirement by rotation and re-election by Ambit unitholders at least once every three years in accordance with the Articles of Association.

All new appointments to the board are done on a consensus basis between board members, subject to unitholder approval.

The board, which meets at least quarterly, retains full and effective control over the Group and service providers. The board has established a number of committees to give detailed attention to its responsibilities and which operate within defined, written terms of reference. These are the investment committee, the remuneration committee and the risk, audit and compliance committee, and the compositions thereof are set out on pages 2 and 3.



79 Hyde Park Lane, Hyde Park, Gauteng



The board has approved a Board Charter to regulate how the business is to be conducted by the board in accordance with the principles of good corporate governance.

During the period under review, directors who did not attend all 5 board meetings were J Zidel (1 absence), F Uys (1 absence) and I N Mkhari (2 absences).

#### **INVESTMENT COMMITTEE**

The board has established an investment committee, which is responsible to the board for monitoring and supervising the Group's strategic investment objectives and implementing the board's instructions as to acquisitions, disposals and the structuring of borrowings.

#### REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

The board has established a remuneration committee, which reviews the remuneration of the executive director and recommends non-executive directors' fees.

#### RISK, AUDIT AND COMPLIANCE COMMITTEE

The board has established a risk, audit and compliance committee whose primary objectives are to provide the board with additional assurance regarding the efficacy and reliability of the financial information used by the directors and to assist them in the discharge of their duties. The committee provides comfort to the board that adequate and appropriate financial and operating controls are in place, that significant business, financial and other risks have been identified and are being suitably managed and that satisfactory standards of governance, reporting and compliance are in operation. The committee is responsible for setting the principles for recommending the use of the external auditors for non-audit services, and any significant non-audit work must be approved by this committee. The committee has formal terms of reference for their responsibilities and the Board is of the opinion that these responsibilities have been satisfied for the year under review.

Due to its size (one direct employee), Ambit does not have an internal audit function. Management and the Risk, Audit and Compliance Committee review the internal controls, processes and systems of the Group and it's service providers.

Within this context, the board is responsible for the Group's systems of internal financial and operational control.

#### **DIRECTORS' DEALINGS**

The group operates a policy of prohibiting dealings by directors and certain other managers in periods immediately preceding the announcement of its interim and year-end financial results and at any other time deemed necessary by the board.

#### **RISK MANAGEMENT**

The objective of risk management is to identify, assess, manage and monitor the risks to which the business is exposed. This is a board responsibility. Ambit pursues active management policies designed to minimise the impact of risk.

With the assistance of expert risk consultants, risks have been assessed and appropriate insurance cover provided for all material risks above pre-determined, self-insured limits. Levels of cover are re-assessed annually.

#### DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY

The directors are responsible for the preparation of the annual financial statements, as set out on pages 16 to 39, which fairly represent the state of affairs of the Group at the end of the financial year.

#### **GOING CONCERN**

The directors are of the opinion that the Company and the Group have adequate resources to continue in operation for the foreseeable future and the annual financial statements and Group annual financial statements have accordingly been prepared on a going concern basis.

VEA.

**D L Brown Chairman**23 November 2006

J H Beare

Chairman – Risk, audit and compliance committee 23 November 2006

## Unitholders' Diary

Financial year-end 30 September
Annual general meeting 21 February 2007

Distribution plan dates in respect of the financial year ending 30 September 2007:

Financial period	Declaration date	Record date	Payment date
1st half to 31 March 2007	18 May 2007	7 June 2007	June 2007
2nd half to 30 September 2007	9 November 2007	30 November 2007	3 December 2007





Park Meadows, Kensington, Gauteng

# Analysis Of Linked Unitholders 30 September 2006

	Number of unitholders	% of unitholders	Number of units held	% of issued units
	unitholders	unitholders	units neid	issued units
Size of holding				
1 – 10 000	699	46,94	3 640 819	1,95
10 001 – 25 000	432	29,01	7 654 281	4,10
25 00 1 - 50 000	176	11,82	6 77   823	3,63
50 00   - 100 000	86	5,78	6 464 015	3,47
100 00 1 - 500 000	64	4,30	14 823 169	7,95
500 00   -   000 000	14	0,94	10 401 439	5,58
`Over I 000 000	18	1,21	136 727 291	73,32
	l 489	100,00	186 482 837	100,00
Гуре of unitholders				
Corporates and investment companies	74	4,97	93 252 379	50,01
ndividuals and private companies	1 184	79,52	68 817 124	36,90
Nominee holders and trusts	168	11,28	14 685 002	7,87
ension and provident funds	63	4,23	9 728 332	5,22
	1 489	100,00	186 482 837	100,00
ignificant unitholders				
Unitholders invested in 5% or more of the company				
Redefine Income Fund			43 660 824	23,41
Absa			39 150 567	20,99
1arriott			21 381 327	11,47
Dasis Asset Management			10218610	5,48
			114 411 328	61,35
Jnitholder spread				
Held by public	I 482	99,53	103 895 568	55,72
Held by non-public	1 102	77,33	103 073 300	33,72
directors	4	0,27	500 000	0,26
- unitholders with more than 10% unitholding	3	0,20	82 087 269	44,02
antiologis warmore train 1970 distributing	1 489	100,00	186 482 837	100,00
Units traded				
Number of units traded	92 200 304			
Jnits traded as a percentage of issued capital	51,44%			
SE price history	31,4470			
2 month high (cents)	435			
2 month low (cents)	285			

## Directors' Responsibility For & Approval Of The Annual Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 September 2006

The directors are responsible for the preparation and integrity of the annual financial statements and the related information included in the annual report. In order for the board to discharge its responsibilities, management has developed and continues to maintain a system of internal control. The board has ultimate responsibility for the system of internal controls and reviews its operation, primarily through the risk, audit and compliance committee.

The internal controls include a risk-based system of internal accounting and administrative controls designed to provide reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets are safeguarded and that transactions are executed and recorded in accordance with generally accepted business practices and the Group's policies and procedures. These controls are implemented by trained, skilled personnel with appropriate segregation of duties, are monitored by management and the risk, audit and compliance committee and include a comprehensive budgeting and reporting system operating within an appropriate control framework.

The external auditors are responsible for reporting on the annual financial statements, and their unmodified opinion is included on page 15. The annual financial statements are prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards and incorporate disclosures in line with the accounting philosophy of the Group. They are based on appropriate accounting policies consistently applied, except where otherwise stated, and are supported by reasonable and prudent judgements and estimates.

The directors believe that the Group will be a going concern in the year ahead. Accordingly, in preparing the annual financial statements and Group annual financial statements, the going concern basis has been adopted.

The annual financial statements for the year ended 30 September 2006 as set out on pages 16 to 39 were approved by the board of directors on 23 November 2006 and are signed on its behalf by:

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D L Brown Chairman 23 November 2006

J H Beare

Chairman – Risk, audit and compliance committee 23 November 2006

## Declaration By Secretary

The Secretary certifies that the Company has lodged with the Registrar of Companies all such returns as are required of a public company, in terms of Section 268G(d) of the Companies Act No 61 of 1973, as amended, and that all such returns are true, correct and up to date.

Andre Management Frage (Phy) Lbl.

Ambit Management Services (Proprietary) Limited Company Secretary

23 November 2006

# Annual Report 200

## Independent Auditor's Report



#### TO THE MEMBERS OF AMBIT PROPERTIES LIMITED

We have audited the annual financial statements and Group annual financial statements of Ambit Properties Limited set out on pages 16 to 39 for the year ended 30 September 2006. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's directors.

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements fairly present, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company and of the Group at 30 September 2006, and the results of their operations and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards and in the manner required by the Companies Act in South Africa.

Deloitte & Touche Registered Auditors

Deloike a Touche

Per GD Kruger Partner

23 November 2006

2 Pencarrow Crescent La Lucia Ridge Office Estate Durban

National Executive: GG Gelink – Chief Executive, AE Swiegers – Chief Operating Officer, GM Pinnock – Audit, DL Kenney – Tax,

L Geeingh – Consulting, MG Crisp – Financial Advisory, L Bam – Strategy, CR Beukman – Finance, TJ Brown – Clients & Markets, SJC Sibisi – Public Sector and Corporate Social Responsibility, NT Mtubu – Chairman of the Board, J Rhynes

- Deputy Chairman of the Board

Regional Leader: GC Brazier

## Directors' Report

30 September 2006

#### **NATURE OF BUSINESS**

Ambit Properties Limited is a property investment company and is listed on the JSE under the "Financials – Real Estate" sector.

The Group derives its income from a portfolio of investment properties in the retail, office and industrial sectors and an investment in Oryx Properties

Limited, a Namibian property investment company listed on the Namibian Stock Exchange.

#### **ISSUED SHARE CAPITAL**

As at 30 September 2006 there were 186 482 837 linked units in issue (2005: 173 814 215), each comprising one ordinary share of 1 cent and one unsecured variable rate debenture of 180 cents. In order to fund the acquisition of the Lowveld Lifestyle Centre in Nelspruit, 12 668 622 units were issued on 13 April 2006 at a price of 341 cents. An additional 14 cents per unit was received in respect of the interim distribution subsequently paid.

FINANCIAL REVIEW	2006	2005
		(restated)
	cents	cents
Weighted average headline earnings per linked unit	32,24	31,30
Weighted average earnings per linked unit	77,20	77,91
Distribution per linked unit	29,60	27,50

International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) were adopted for the first time in the current year, and the adoption thereof has not resulted in any changes to the reported numbers. However, a change in accounting interpretation has resulted in the share premium being reclassified to debenture premium and amortised over the life of the debenture. Details are reflected in Notes 6 and 13.

#### SURSIDIARY

Details of the Company's subsidiary are reflected in Note 8. The profit after tax of the subsidiary which is attributable to Ambit amounts to R11,2 million (2005: R10,4 million).

#### **ASSOCIATE**

Details of the Company's associate are reflected in Note 9.

#### DIRECTORATE

Details of the directors are set out on pages 2 and 3 of this report. The composition of the board, together with changes from 1 October 2006 to the date of this report, are set out below:

Director	Date appointed	Date resigned
D L Brown (Chairman) N B S Harris * C J Ewin J H Beare I N Mkhari		16/08/2006
F Uys R R Emslie J Zidel R D Jeffrey (alternate)	07/02/2006	03/05/2006

TO Jenrey (alternate)	20	2006			
Director	Salaries R'000	Directors' fees R'000	Salaries R'000	Directors' fees R'000	
D L Brown (Chairman)	-	95	-	95	
N B S Harris *	1 061		920	-	
– salary	861#	-	795#	_	
- bonus	200	-	125	=	
C J Ewin		48	_	65	
J H Beare	_	90	=	90	
R R Emslie	_	50	-	12,5	
N P Mageza	_	_	-	37,5	
I N Mkhari	_	50	-	50	
F Uys	_	65	-	65	
J Zidel		13			
	1 061	411	920	415	
*:					

<sup>\*</sup> Executive

The executive director holds a service contract until 30 June 2007.

No other directors have service contracts.

 $<sup>{\#}\ {\</sup>hbox{The executive director's salary is deducted off asset management fees paid to Ambit Management Services (Proprietary) Limited.}$ 



#### **DIRECTORS' INTERESTS**

The joint beneficial interests of directors in the equity of the company as at 30 September 2006 was 0,26% (500 000 units) and can be analysed as follows:

Director	Direct bei	neficial	Indirect be	eneficial	To	otal
	Linked units	%	Linked units	%	Linked units	%
2006						
D L Brown (Chairman)	50 000	0,02	-	_	50 000	0,02
N B S Harris *	25 000	0,01	25 000	0,01	50 000	0,02
F Uys	200 000	0,11	=	_	200 000	0,11
R D Jeffery (alternate) *	200 000	0,11	_	_	200 000	0,11
R R Émslie *	=	=	=	_	=	
					500 000	0,26
2005					·	
D L Brown (Chairman)	50 000	0,03			50 000	0,03
N B S Harris *	25 000	0,01	25 000	0,01	50 000	0,03
C J Ewin *	210 000	0,12	=	_	210 000	0,12
F Úys	200 000	0,12	_	_	200 000	0,12
R D Jeffery (alternate) *	200 000	0,12	-	_	200 000	0,12
R R Émslie *	_	_	-	_	-	
					710 000	0,42

<sup>\*</sup> These directors have insignificant indirect interests in Ambit as a result of having insignificant interests in either Absa Bank Limited or RMBT Holdings Limited as shareholders.

In April 2006, Ambit acquired 50% of 17-19 and 21-35 Old Main Road, Pinetown in conjunction with Pinespring Properties (Proprietary) Limited, a wholly owned subsidiary of Highpine Properties (Proprietary) Limited, a company in which Mr J H Beare has an interest.

#### BORROWINGS

The directors are authorised to borrow funds up to an amount not exceeding 60% of the directors' bona fide valuation of the consolidated total assets of the Company and its subsidiaries. The Group's interest bearing borrowings at 30 September 2006 are disclosed in Note 14 to the annual financial statements.

#### ACQUISITIONS, IMPROVEMENTS AND DISPOSALS

Refer to paragraphs 6.5 to 6.7 of the Chairman and CEO's report.

#### POST BALANCE SHEET EVENTS AND GOING CONCERN

Other than the acquisitions and disposals referred to above, the directors are not aware of any material post balance sheet events and are of the opinion that the Group has adequate resources to continue in operation for the foreseeable future. The financial statements have accordingly been prepared on a going concern basis.

#### MANAGEMENT BY THIRD PARTY

Ambit has a service agreement with Ambit Management Services (Proprietary) Limited (AMS), the rights to which are 100% held by Absa Bank Limited, in respect of the property asset management, property management and the financial accounting and reporting of the company. During August 2006, Marriott Property Services (Proprietary) Limited disposed of the rights to its 50% share in the management company to Absa Bank Limited.

#### **COMPANY SECRETARY**

The company secretary is Ambit Management Services (Proprietary) Limited, whose business and postal address is as follows:

Postal: P.O. Box 618 Melrose Arch 2076 Business: First Floor, 4 Frikker Road Illovo 2196



D L Brown Chairman 23 November 2006

TA.

N B S Harris Chief Executive Officer 23 November 2006

## Balance Sheets

30 September 2006

	Group		Co	Company		
	Notes	2006	2005	2006	2005	
		DIOOO	(restated)	DIOOO	(restated)	
		R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	
ASSETS						
Non-current assets						
Investment properties	7	809 329	659 288	673 558	538 896	
– At valuation		824 550	671 000	686 350	548 600	
– Straight line adjustment		(15 221)	(11712)	(12 792)	(9 704)	
Investment in associate company	9	110 927	82 944	83 998	68 480	
Rental receivable – straight line adjustment		14 551	11 437	12 122	9 429	
Total non-current assets		934 807	753 669	769 678	616 805	
Current assets						
Trade and other receivables		6 446	9 679	5 048	9 273	
– Trade and other receivables		5 776	9 404	4 378	8 998	
– Rental receivable – straight line adjustment		670	275	670	275	
Cash and cash equivalents	10	56 128	28 929	56 620	28 839	
nterest in subsidiary company	8	_	_	93 652	92 93 I	
Total current assets		62 574	38 608	155 320	131 043	
TOTAL ASSETS		997 381	792 277	924 998	747 848	
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES						
Capital and reserves						
Share capital	11	I 865	I 738	I 865	I 738	
Non-distributable reserves	12	190 886	107 386	134 873	75 039	
Distributable reserves/ (in deficit)		364	330	(1 966)	(1 999)	
Total capital and reserves		193 115	109 454	134 772	74 778	
Non-current liabilities						
Debentures	13	335 669	312 866	335 669	312 866	
Debenture premium	6,13	49 586	31 094	49 586	31 094	
Interest bearing borrowings	14	315 960	267 199	315 960	267 199	
Deferred taxation liability	15	64 499	36 433	51 666	28 175	
Total non-current liabilities		765 714	647 592	752 881	639 334	
Current liabilities						
Trade and other payables		9 087	9 890	7 880	8 395	
Current tax liabilities		367	308	367	308	
Linked unitholders for distribution		29 098	25 033	29 098	25 033	
Total current liabilities		38 552	35 23 I	37 345	33 736	
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		997 381	792 277	924 998	747 848	

## Income Statements

for the year ended 30 September 2006

		Group		Cor	Company	
	Notes	2006	2005	2006	2005	
			(restated)		(restated)	
		R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	
REVENUE		103 620	99 448	86 844	81 177	
– Rental – cash flows inherent in leases	16	99 813	93 530	83 458	76 154	
– Rental – straight line adjustment		3 807	5 9 1 8	3 386	5 023	
Property expenses	17	(25 239)	(24 229)	(21 432)	(20 486)	
NET RENTAL INCOME FROM PROPERTIES		78 381	75 219	65 412	60 691	
Interest income	18	2 040	2 373	14 571	15 816	
Debenture interest and dividend income from associate company	9	9 868	8 338	9 868	8 338	
Amortisation of debenture premium	6	I 776	1 191	I 776	1 191	
Finance costs		(23 902)	(25 992)	(23 902)	(25 992)	
Administrative expenses	19	(5 266)	(4 484)	(5 250)	(4 252)	
Other expenses	20	(2 026)	(1 708)	(2 026)	(1 750)	
OPERATING PROFIT		60 871	54 937	60 449	54 042	
Change in fair value of investment properties		93 450	87 495	78 095	73 905	
– As per valuations		97 257	93 413	81 481	78 928	
– Straight line adjustment		(3 807)	(5 918)	(3 386)	(5 023)	
Profit on disposal of investment properties		72	711	72	711	
Share of associate company's after tax profits	6, 9	12 465	12 972	_	-	
PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION AND DISTRIBUTION						
TO UNITHOLDERS		166 858	156 115	138 616	128 658	
Debenture interest – linked unitholders		(55 199)	(47 799)	(55 199)	(47 799)	
PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION		111 659	108 316	83 417	80 859	
Taxation	21	(28 125)	(26 509)	(23 550)	(22 446)	
PROFIT ATTRIBUTABLE TO LINKED UNITHOLDERS		83 534	81 807	59 867	58 413	
		Cents	Cents	Cents	Cents	
EARNINGS PER LINKED UNIT (weighted)	22	77,20	77,91	64,03	63,84	
EARNINGS AND DILUTED EARNINGS PER SHARE (weighted)	22	46,48	49,18	33,31	35,11	
DISTRIBUTION PER LINKED UNIT	22	29,60	27,50	29,60	27,50	

# Statements Of Changes In Equity for the year ended 30 September 2006

	Share capital R'000	Share premium R'000	Distributable reserves R'000	Non- distributable reserves R'000	Total R'000
GROUP					
Balance at 30 September 2004 as previously reported	I 583	26 284	257	24 952	53 076
Prior year adjustment:					
Reclassification to debenture premium		(26 284)	_	_	(26 284)
Amortisation of debenture premium	-	_	700	_	700
Transfer of amortisation to non-distributable reserves	-	_	(700)	700	_
Restated balance at 30 September 2004	1 583	_	257	25 652	27 492
Shares issued during the period	155	_	_	_	155
Net profit attributable to linked unitholders	_	_	81 807	_	81 807
As previously reported	_	_	80 616		80 616
Prior year adjustment:					
Amortisation of debenture premium	_	_	1 191	_	1 191
Transfer to non-distributable reserves (restated)	_		(81 734)	81 734	
Balance at 30 September 2005	l 738		330	107 386	109 454
Shares issued during the year	127	_	_	_	127
Net profit attributable to linked unitholders	_	_	83 534	_	83 534
Transfer to non-distributable reserves	_	_	(83 500)	83 500	=
Balance at 30 September 2006	1 865		364	190 886	193 115
·					
COMPANY					
Balance at 30 September 2004 as previously reported	I 583	26 284	289	15 130	43 286
Prior year adjustments:					
Share of associates retained earnings	_	_	(1 492)	_	(1 492)
Reclassification to debenture premium	_	(26 284)	_	_	(26 284)
Amortisation of debenture premium	_	_	700	_	700
Transfer of amortisation to non-distributable reserves	_	-	(700)	700	-
Restated balance at 30 September 2004	l 583	-	(1 203)	15 830	16210
Shares issued during the period	155	-	-	_	155
Net profit attributable to linked unitholders	_	_	58 413	_	58 413
As previously reported	_	-	70 194	-	70 194
Prior year adjustments:					
Share of associates retained earnings	_	_	(12 972)	_	(12 972)
Amortisation of debenture premium	_	_	1 191	_	1 191
Transfer to non-distributable reserves (restated)	_	_	(59 209)	59 209	_
Balance at 30 September 2005	l 738	_	(1 999)	75 039	74 778
Shares issued during the year	127	_	_	=	127
Net profit attributable to linked unitholders	_	_	59 867	_	59 867
Transfer to non-distributable reserves		-	(59 834)	59 834	_
Balance at 30 September 2006	I 865		(1 966)	134 873	134 772

## Cash Flow Statements

for the year ended 30 September 2006

		Gro		Cor	Company	
	Notes	2006	2005	2006	2005	
		R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	
OPERATING ACTIVITIES						
Cash generated by operating activities	23	70 105	63 450	58 853	48 758	
Interest received and income from associate		11 908	10711	24 439	24   54	
Finance costs		(23 902)	(25 992)	(23 902)	(25 992)	
Distributions paid to linked unitholders	24	(51 134)	(49 286)	(51 134)	(49 286)	
Cash inflow/ (outflow) from operating activities		6 977	(1 117)	8 256	(2 366)	
INVESTING ACTIVITIES						
Acquisition of investment properties		(80 431)	(44 800)	(80 431)	(44 800)	
Improvements to investment properties		(1 172)	(8 592)	(1 148)	(7 677)	
Proceeds on disposal of investment properties		25 382	32011	25 382	32011	
(Increase)/ decrease in loan to subsidiary		_	-	(721)	444	
Acquisition of holding in associate company		(15 518)	(4 136)	(15 518)	(4 136)	
Cash outflow from investing activities		(71 739)	(25 517)	(72 436)	(24 158)	
FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Linked units issued		43 200	35 000	43 200	35 000	
Share issue expenses		_	(268)	_	(268)	
Interest bearing borrowings raised/(repaid)		48 761	(8 455)	48 761	(8 455)	
Cash inflow from financing activities		91 961	26 277	91 961	26 277	
Increase/ (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		27 199	(357)	27 781	(247)	
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		28 929	29 286	28 839	29 086	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF THE YEAR	10	56 128	28 929	56 620	28 839	



Scottsville Mall, Durban Road, Pietermaritzburg

## Notes To The Annual Financial Statements

30 September 2006

#### I. GENERAL INFORMATION

Ambit Properties Limited (the Company) is a public company listed on the JSE and is incorporated in South Africa. The address of its registered office and principal place of business is disclosed in the introduction to the annual report. The principal activities of the Company and its subsidiary (the Group) are described in the Directors' Report

#### 2. ADOPTION OF NEW AND REVISED INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS

In the current year, the Group has adopted all of the new and revised Standards and Interpretations issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (the IASB) and the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee (IFRIC) of the IASB that are relevant to its operations and effective for accounting periods beginning on or before 1 October 2005. The adoption of IFRS has not resulted in any adjustment to the amounts reported previously in the annual financial statements for the year ended 30 September 2005.

#### 3. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The annual financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards. The accounting policies used in the preparation of the financial statements are consistent with those applied in the prior year, with the exception of accounting for the premium on units issued as disclosed under Debentures in Note 3.10 below and the Company's carrying value of its investment in associate as described in note 3.4 below.

The principal accounting policies are set out below:

#### 3.1 Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the results and financial position of the Company and all its subsidiaries, which are defined as entities over which the Group has the ability to exercise control so as to obtain benefits from their activities. The results of subsidiaries are included from the effective dates of acquisition and up to the effective dates of disposal. All inter-company transactions and balances between Group companies are eliminated.

The accounting policies of the subsidiaries are consistent with those of the holding company.

#### 3.2 Business combinations

The purchase method of accounting is used to account for the acquisition of subsidiaries by the Group. The cost of an acquisition is measured as the aggregate fair value of the underlying assets acquired, equity instruments issued and liabilities incurred or assumed at the date of exchange, plus costs directly attributable to the acquisition. Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date, irrespective of the extent of any minority interest. The excess of the cost of acquisition over the fair value of the Group's share of the identifiable net assets acquired is recorded as goodwill and is tested for impairment on an annual basis.

If the cost of acquisition is less than the fair value of the net assets of the subsidiary acquired, the difference is recognised directly in the income statement. An impairment loss recognised for goodwill is not reversed in a subsequent period. On disposal of a subsidiary, attributable goodwill is included in the determination of the profit or loss on disposal.

#### 3.3 Investment in subsidiaries

Investments in subsidiaries are recognised at cost less accumulated impairment losses.

#### 3.4 Investment in associates

Associates are those companies, which are not subsidiaries or joint ventures, over which the Group exercises significant influence. Results of associates are accounted for in the Group using the equity method of accounting, except when the investment is classified as held for sale, in which case it is accounted for under IFRS 5: Non-Current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations. Any losses of associates are brought to account until the investment in, and loans to, such associates are written down to a nominal amount. Thereafter losses are accounted for only insofar as the Group is committed to providing financial support to such associates. The carrying value of investments in associates represents the cost of each investment including unamortised goodwill, the share of post acquisition retained earnings or losses and other movements in reserves. Equity accounted income represents the Group's proportionate share of the associate's post-acquisition accumulated profit after accounting for dividends declared by those entities. Any significant movements between the year-end of associates and the Group are accounted for. Where a Group entity transacts with an associate of the Group, profits and losses are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in the associate. Undistributed equity accounted earnings may be transferred to non-distributable reserves.

In the company the investment in associate is held at cost in accordance with IAS 27. The effects of this change in accounting policy are set out in Note 6 below.

#### 3.5 Investment properties

Investment properties are properties held to earn rental income and appreciate in capital value based on the increase in rental income.



#### 3. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Investment properties are initially recognised at cost and are stated at their fair value at each reporting date. Gains or losses arising from changes in the fair values are reflected in the income statement in the period in which they arise. Unrealised gains are transferred to a non-distributable reserve in the statement of changes in equity. Unrealised losses are transferred against a non-distributable reserve to the extent that the decrease does not exceed the amount held in the non-distributable reserve. On disposal of investment properties, the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying value is charged or credited to the income statement and then transferred from / to non-distributable reserves. Buildings are not depreciated.

Properties purchased by the company and settled by issuing linked units are recorded at the fair value of the properties acquired, unless that fair value cannot be reliably estimated. If the entity cannot reliably estimate the fair value of the property, the entity shall measure the value of the equity issued, and the corresponding increase in equity, indirectly, by reference to the fair value of the equity instruments granted in terms of IFRS2: Share Based Payments. This excludes purchases of properties which are regarded as business combinations as described in 3.2 above.

Buildings under development are carried at cost as property, plant and equipment and are transferred to investment property upon completion.

#### 3.6 Capitalisation of interest

Where the Group undertakes a major development or refurbishment of a property, interest is capitalised to the cost of the property concerned during the construction period. Capitalisation of interest is suspended during extended periods in which active development is interrupted.

#### 3.7 Assets held for sale

Properties held for sale are classified as assets for sale and are measured at the lower of the assets' previous carrying amount and the fair value less costs to sell.

#### 3.8 Taxation

Income tax expense comprises the sum of current tax payable, Secondary Tax on Companies and deferred taxation. Tax currently payable is based on the taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from accounting profit as it excludes income or expenses that are taxable or deductible in other years and it excludes items never deductible or taxable.

Deferred taxation is provided for using the balance sheet liability method, based on temporary differences. Temporary differences are differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and their taxation bases. Deferred taxation is charged to the income statement except to the extent that it relates to a transaction that is recognised directly in equity, or a business combination that is an acquisition. A deferred taxation asset is recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the associated unused tax losses and deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Deferred taxation assets are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realised. Deferred taxation assets and liabilities are only set off when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets and liabilities.

Deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from goodwill, or from the initial recognition (other than business combinations) of other assets and liabilities in a transaction which effects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit.

Deferred taxation is raised at the company tax rate on all temporary differences, including those arising from the revaluation of properties. When a property is earmarked for future sale, deferred taxation is computed using the capital gains tax rate.

#### 3.9 Impairment (excluding goodwill)

The carrying amount of the Group's assets is reviewed at each balance sheet date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. An impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss whenever the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount, which is the higher of an asset's net selling price and value in use. Where an impairment loss is subsequently reversed, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to the extent that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the original carrying amount. A reversal of impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

#### 3.10 Financial instruments

A financial asset or financial liability is recognised on the balance sheet for as long as the group is party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

#### Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand, deposits held on call with banks and investments in money market instruments, net of bank overdrafts where legal set-off is permissible.

30 September 2006

#### 3. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### Trade receivables

Trade and other receivables originated by the Group are held at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method, after deducting accumulated impairment losses. Receivables with no fixed maturity are held at cost.

#### Receivable- straight line basis adjustment

Rental income is recognised on the straight-line basis. Future rentals receivable over the lease period as a result of escalations are recorded at the differential between the cash received inherent in the lease agreements and the smoothed revenue.

#### Investments

Financial instruments are initially measured at cost, including directly attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to the initial recognition these instruments are measured as follows:

- Held-to-maturity investments are held at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method after deducting accumulated impairment losses
- Held-for-trading and available-for-sale financial assets are held at fair value.
   Gains or losses on Available-for-sale financial assets and Held-for-trading financial assets and liabilities are recognised in net profit for the year.

#### Financial liabilities and equity

Financial liabilities and equity instruments issued by the Group are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the Group after deducting all of its liabilities. The accounting policies adopted for specific financial liabilities and equity instruments are set out below.

#### **Equity instruments**

Equity instruments issued by the Company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

#### Debentures

Debentures are recognised at original cost less principal repayments. The premium arising on the issue of linked units is split between the premium relating to the share and the premium relating to the debenture. The debenture premium is amortised over the remaining life of the debenture (i.e. to 2029) and the resultant income may be transferred to non-distributable reserves.

#### Interest bearing borrowings

Interest bearing borrowings are initially measured at fair value, and are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method. Amounts repayable in the next twelve months are classified as current borrowings.

#### Trade payables

Trade payables are carried at the fair value of the consideration to be paid in the future for goods or services that have been received or supplied and invoiced or formally agreed with the supplier.

#### Financial guarantee contracts

Financial guarantee contracts are accounted for as insurance contracts and are initially recorded at cost. Subsequently, they are valued in terms of IAS 37: Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets.

#### 3.11 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, for which it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will occur, and where a reliable estimate can be made on the settlement amount of the obligation.

#### 3.12 Revenue recognition

Revenue comprises gross rental income, including all recoveries from tenants. Variable operating cost recoveries are recognised on the accrual basis. Rental income and fixed operating cost recoveries are recognised on the straight line basis in accordance with IAS 17: Leases. The difference between the rental income recognised on a cash flow/ accrual basis and the straight line basis is transferred to/ from non-distributable reserves.

Interest income is recognised at the effective rates of interest on a time related basis.

Dividend income and debenture interest are recognised when the right to receive them is established.

#### 3.13 Leases

Investment properties leased out under operating leases are reflected as investment properties on the balance sheet. Where there are fixed incrementals in rental, the income is recognised on a straight line basis in terms of IAS 17: Leases.



#### 3. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### 3.14 Deferred expenses

Deferred expenses comprise tenant installation costs and letting commissions which are amortised on a straight line basis over the lease period to which they relate. These are currently included in accounts receivable due to the immaterial size thereof.

#### 3.15 Distributions

In terms of the Debenture Trust Deed the interest entitlement on each debenture shall be not less than 90% of the net earnings of the company before providing for debenture interest, depreciation, amortisation and taxes and before taking into account any revaluation surpluses or deficits and income transferred to any non-distributable reserves, but after provision for funding cost, whether interest or dividend in nature.

#### 3.16 Segment reporting

On a primary basis the group operates in the following segments:

- Retail
- Office
- Industrial
- Corporate

On a secondary basis the group reports on geographical locations as follows:

- Gauteng
- Pietermaritzburg
- Durban
- Other

#### 3.17 Changes in accounting policy

Where there has been a change in accounting policy, all comparative numbers are retrospectively adjusted.

#### 4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience as adjusted for current market conditions and other factors.

#### 4.1 Critical accounting estimates and assumptions

The Group makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed below.

#### (a) Estimate of fair value of investment properties

The best evidence of fair value is current prices in an active market for similar leases and other contracts. In the absence of such information, the Group determines the amount within a range of reasonable fair value estimates. In making its judgement, the Group considers information from a variety of sources including:

- i) current prices in an active market for properties of different nature, condition or location (or subject to different lease or other contracts), adjusted to reflect those differences;
- ii) recent prices of similar properties in less active markets, with adjustment to reflect any changes in economic conditions since the date of the transactions that occurred at those prices; and
- iii) discounted cash flow projections based on reliable estimates of future cash flows, derived from the terms of any existing lease and other contracts and (where possible) from external evidence such as current market rents for similar properties in the same location and condition, and using discount rates that reflect current market assessments of the uncertainty in the amount and timing of the cash flows.

#### (b) Principal assumptions for management's estimation of fair value

If information on current or recent prices is not available, the fair values of investment properties are determined using discounted cash flow valuation techniques. The Group uses assumptions that are mainly based on market conditions existing at each balance sheet date.

The principal assumptions underlying management's estimation of fair value are those related to: the receipt of contractual rentals, expected future market rentals, maintenance requirement and appropriate discount rates. These valuations are regularly compared to actual market yield data, and actual transactions by the Group and those reported by the market.

The expected future market rentals are determined with reference to current market rentals for similar properties in the same location and condition.

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#### 4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS (continued)

#### 4.2 Critical judgments in applying the Group's accounting policies

#### Allocation of share premium and debenture premium

The Group has determined, in terms of the requirements of accounting standards, that the linked unit premium should be classified as debenture premium and not share premium. Debenture premium will be amortised over the minimum contractual period of the debentures, namely the remaining portion of 25 years from February 2004.

#### Non-distributable reserves

The Group transfers all capital profits and unrealised profits to non-distributable reserves.

In addition, balances arising due to accounting anomalies are transferred to non-distributable reserves at the discretion of the directors and these currently comprise:

- straight line adjustments to rental income and fair value adjustments to investment properties
- deferred taxation on fair value adjustments to investment properties
- amortisation of debenture premium

#### 5. NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARDS AND IFRIC INTERPRETATIONS

Certain new additional accounting standards and IFRIC interpretations have been published that are mandatory for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2006. These new standards and interpretations have not been early adopted by the Group. The directors do not expect that the adoption of the standards and interpretations will have a material impact on future financial statements. The standards and interpretations in issue, but not yet effective, that are relevant to the Group are:

IFRS 7: Financial Instrument Disclosures

IFRIC 10: Interim Reporting and Impairment

#### 6. PRIOR YEAR ADJUSTMENTS

The accounting policy for the premium arising on the issue of linked units has been changed. This used to be accounted for as share premium but is now accounted for as debenture premium in terms of IAS 32. The full amount of share premium has therefore been transferred to debenture premium and is being amortised over the period until 2029. The prior year figures have been restated. The effect of the change in policy on the Group results is as follows:

		Gross R'000	1ax R'000	Net R'000
Increase in profit for the year	2005	1 191	-	1 191
	2006	l 776	-	l 776

The additional profit has been transferred to a non-distributable reserve through the statement of changes in equity.

The above has had the effect of increasing earnings by R1,8 million or 0,99 cents per weighted number of units in the current year (2005: R1,2 million or 0,72 cents).

Balance sheet effect:	2006	2005
	R'000	R'000
Debenture premium as previously reported	-	-
Reclassification from share premium	32 985	26 284
Premium arising on current year unit issues	20 268	6 70 1
Amortisation	(3 667)	(1 891)
Debenture premium closing balance	49 586	31 094

In accordance with IAS 27, the share of associate's reserves is no longer accounted for in the Company, and is only accounted for in the Group financial statements. The effect of this change in policy on the Company results is as follows:

		Gross R'000	R'000	R'000
Decrease in profit for the year	2005	12 972	-	12 972
	2006	12 465	-	12 465
The effect on the Company's balance sheet is as follows:			2006 R'000	2005 R'000
Investment in associate as previously reported			110 927	82 944
Removal of share of associate's retained earnings			(26 929)	(14 464)
Investment in associate as restated			83 998	68 480



			G	roup	Company	
			2006	2005	2006	2005
				(restated)		(restated)
			R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000
INVESTMENT PROPERTIE	S					
Carrying value at beginning o	f the year		659 288	549 706	538 896	443 819
– At valuation			671 000	555 500	548 600	448 500
– Straight line adjustment			(11712)	(5 794)	(9 704)	(4 681)
Acquisition of Investment pro	perties		80 431	44 800	80 431	44 800
Disposals			(25 310)	(3   305)	(25 310)	(3   305)
Improvements to investment	properties		1 172	8 592	1 148	7 677
Fair value adjustment						
– At valuation			97 257	93 413	81 481	78 928
– Straight line adjustment			(3 509)	(5 918)	(3 088)	(5 023)
Carrying value at end of the y	vear .		809 329	659 288	673 558	538 896
Reconciliation to valuation:						
Add: cumulative straight line a	adjustments		15 221	11712	12 792	9 704
Investment properties at valu	ation		824 550	671 000	686 350	548 600
Property descriptions are det	ailed on page	s 40 and 41 of this report.				
The property portfolio is subj Limited and Nedcor Bank Lir		ige bonds in favour of Absa Bank ed in Note 14.				
and they were valued by CB These fair values were approvand capitalisations rates in the	Richard Ellis ( red by the dire	604 million (2005: R547 million) Pty) Ltd, independent valuers. ectors, and the ranges of discount ectors were as follows: Terminal capitalisation rates				
Jector Discou	%	"" " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " "				
Retail 13,5	to 16,0	9,0 to 12,0				
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	to 16,3	10,0 to 13,0				
Office 15.5	to 16,5	11,0 to 13,0				

#### 8. INTEREST IN SUBSIDIARY COMPANY

	Issued share capital R	% Holding		
Whirlprops 37 (Pty) Ltd (incorporated in South Africa) Shares at cost	100	100	-	-
Loans			93 652	92 93 1
Less: Current portion			(93 652)	(92 931)
Long term portion				
Directors' valuation These loans bear interest at variable rates and have no fixe terms. The properties in the company have been sold to a transferred to Ambit in the 2007 financial year.			<u>139 102</u>	112 946
Interest received from Whirlprops 37 amounts to			12 546	13 452
Profit after tax of subsidiary attributable to the holding com	pany		<u> </u>	10 422

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		Group		Company	
		2006	2005	2006	2005
		R'000	(restated) R'000	R'000	(restated) R'000
8.	INTEREST IN SUBSIDIARY COMPANY (continued) Whirlprops 37 (Proprietary) Limited is a property investment company, the shares and loan account of which have been pledged as security for obligations in connection with the borrowing facilities set out in Note 14. The company has the same year-end as Ambit.				
9.	INVESTMENT IN ASSOCIATE COMPANY  Oryx Properties Limited is a property loan stock company incorporated in Nambia and listed on the NSX. The carrying value of the Group's 30,56% (2005: 30,49%) interest in Oryx comprises:				
	Shares (at cost)	83 998	68 480	83 998	68 480
	Cumulative share of post acquisition reserves	26 929	14 464		
	Carrying value Carrying value	110 927	82 944	83 998	68 480
	Directors' valuation	110 927	82 944	110 927	82 944
	Market value	118617	68 278	118617	68 278
	Financial information of associate at 30 June:				
	Investment properties	543 820	283 698	543 820	283 698
	– At valuation	560 630	296 350	560 630	296 350
	– Straight line adjustment	(16 810)	(12 652)	(16 810)	(12 652)
	Property and equipment	_	86 034	_	86 034
	Rent receivable— straight line adjustment	16 119	11 908	16 119	11 908
	Current assets	16 089	12 625	16 089	12 625
	Current liabilities	(34 679)	(28 7 1 4)	(34 679)	(28 714)
	Deferred taxation	(55 714)	(31 667)	(55 714)	(31 667)
	Non-current liabilities	(123 416)	(62 075)	(123 416)	(62 075)
	Net asset value	362 219	271 809	362 219	271 809
	Group's share of income since acquisition:				
	Results for the year to 30 June				
	Rental revenue before straight line adjustments	45 814	36 388		
	Profit before finance costs	107 278	101 338	_	_
	Finance costs	(7 147)	(6 652)	_	_
	Debenture interest	(34 645)	(28 454)	_	_
	Profit before taxation	65 486	66 232		
	Taxation	(24 029)	(18 202)	_	-
	Net profit for the year	41 457	48 030	_	
	Dividends declared	-	(452)	-	-
	Net profit after dividends declared	41 457	47 578	_	_
	Group's share	12 465	13 589	_	_
	Share of Oryx's prior year adjustments	_	(617)	_	_
	Group's share of profit after tax	12 465	12 972		



		Group		Company	
		2006	2005	2006	2005
		R'000	(restated) R'000	R'000	(restated) R'000
9.	INVESTMENT IN ASSOCIATE COMPANY (continued) During the 2006 year, Oryx restated its prior year figures in respect of the reallocation of share premium to debenture premium and the amortisation thereof. This did not have an effect on the profit accounted for by the Group.				
	Income received from associate comprises:				
	Debenture interest	9 868	8 2 1 5	9 868	8 2 1 5
	Dividends	_	123	_	123
	Share of retained income	12 465	12 972	_	-
		22 333	21310	9 868	8 338
	Oryx has a 30 June year-end, but there were no significant items between that date and 30 September 2006 that required adjustment.				
	Guarantee The Company's investment in Oryx is pledged as security for obligations in connection with the borrowing facilities set out in Note 14.				
10	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS				
	Petty cash	4	2	4	2
	Cash on call	53 185	28 065	53 185	28 065
	Current accounts	2 939	862	3 43 1	772
		56 128	28 929	56 620	28 839
П	SHARE CAPITAL AND PREMIUM Share capital Authorised				
	2 000 000 000 ordinary shares of 1 cent each Issued 186 482 837	20 000	20 000	20 000	20 000
	(2005: 173 814 215) ordinary shares of I cent each	1 865	l 738	I 865	l 738
	In order to fund property acquisitions, 12 668 622 units were issued for cash on 13 April 2006 at a price of 341 cents. An additional 14,00 cents per unit was received in respect of the interim distribution subsequently paid.				
	Each share is linked to a debenture, which together comprise a linked unit (refer Note 13).				
	The unissued shares are under the control of the directors, until the next Annual General Meeting.				

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	G	iroup	Company		
	2006	2005	2006	2005	
		(restated)		(restated)	
	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	
12. NON-DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES					
Balance at beginning of the year	107 386	25 652	75 039	15 830	
Movement:					
Revaluation/ disposal of investment properties net of deferred tax	69 259	68 443	58 058	58 018	
Undistributed equity accounted income	12 465	12 100	_	-	
Amortisation of debenture premium	I 776	1 191	I 776	1191	
Straight line adjustments:					
- Rental accrued in advance (net of deferred taxation)	2 490	4 202	2 404	3 566	
- Revaluation effect (net of deferred taxation)	(2 490)	(4 202)	(2 404)	(3 566)	
Balance at end of the year	190 886	107 386	134 873	75 039	
Comprising:					
Capital reserves					
Realised capital surpluses (net of capital gains tax)	5 926	5016	5 926	5016	
Unrealised	156 728	88 379	125 280	68 132	
– Revaluations	220 744	124 477	176 450	95 960	
– Deferred taxation	(64 016)	(36 098)	(51 170)	(27 828)	
Straight line adjustments:					
Rental accrued in advance (net of deferred taxation)	10 806	8316	9 082	6 890	
Revaluation effect (net of deferred taxation)	(10 806)	(8316)	(9 082)	(6 890)	
Amortisation of debenture premium	3 667	1 891	3 667	1891	
Share of associate retained earnings	24 565	12 100	_	_	
	190 886	107 386	134 873	75 039	
The reserves arise from the revaluation or realisation of investment properties, the adjustment to rental required for straight lining in terms of IAS 17, the amortisation of debenture premium and the share of the associates retained earnings. The unrealised capital reserve is not distributable.					
13. DEBENTURES					
186 482 837 (2005: 173 814 215) unsecured variable rate debentures of 180 cents each	335 669	312 866	335 669	312 866	

In terms of the Debenture Trust Deed, the interest entitlement of every debenture linked to each ordinary share shall not be less than 90% of net earnings of the Company before providing for debenture interest, depreciation, amortisation and taxes and before taking into account any revaluation surpluses or deficits and income which is to be transferred to any non-distributable reserves but after provision for funding costs, whether interest or dividend in nature. The interest is payable bi-annually. The debentures are redeemable at the option of the holder after 25 years from the first allotment date (i.e. 2029).



	G	iroup	Co	mpany
	2006	2005	2006	2005
	Diago	(restated)	Bloop	(restated)
	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000
3. DEBENTURES (continued)				
Debenture premium				
Premium arising on listing	28 361	28 361	28 361	28 361
Subsequent issues	28 955	8 687	28 955	8 687
Accumulated issue expenses	(4 063)	(4 063)	(4 063)	(4 063)
Amortisation of debenture premium	` ,	,	, ,	, ,
- prior years	(1891)	(700)	(1891)	(700)
- current year	(1 776)	(1 191)	(1 776)	(1 191)
- current year				
	49 586	31 094	49 586	31 094
14. INTEREST BEARING BORROWINGS 14.1 ABSA BANK LIMITED				
Loan bearing interest at 11,93% per annum until 09/03/2007, and				
prime less 1,5% thereafter	_	27 265	_	27 265
Loan bearing interest at 11,13% per annum until 09/03/2007, and				
prime less 2,0% thereafter	27 246	-	27 246	-
Loan bearing interest at 11,02% per annum until 26/08/2008, and		25.227		25.227
prime less 1,5% thereafter  Loan bearing interest at 10,22% per annum until 26/08/2008, and	_	25 226	_	25 226
prime less 2,0% thereafter	25 210	_	25 210	_
Loan bearing interest at 10,65% per annum until 28/10/2007, and	25 2.10		25 2 . 0	
prime less 1,5% thereafter	-	25 218	_	25 218
Loan bearing interest at 9,85% per annum until 28/10/2007, and				
prime less 2,0% thereafter	25 202	-	25 202	
Loan bearing interest at prime less 1,5% per annum		58 701	-	58 701
Loan bearing interest at prime less 2,0% per annum	80 132		80 132	
	157 790	136 410	157 790	136 410
14.2 NEDCOR BANK LIMITED				
Loan bearing interest at 14,64% per annum until 25/01/2006, and				
prime less 1,5% thereafter		I 340	-	I 340
Loan bearing interest at 13,18% per annum until 05/02/2006, and				
prime less 1,5% thereafter	-	18 788	-	18 788
Loan bearing interest at 14,63% per annum until 05/02/2006, and prime less 1.5% thereafter		5 77 1		5 77 1
Loan bearing interest at 14,58% per annum until 05/02/2006, and		3771		3771
prime less 1,5% thereafter	-	4 696	_	4 696
Loan bearing interest at 11,73% per annum until 28/02/2009, and				
prime less 1,5% thereafter		1 362		1 362
Loan bearing interest at 10,87% per annum until 28/02/2009, and	1.262		1.242	
prime less 2,0% thereafter  Loan bearing interest at 10,76% per annum until 06/09/2010, and	1 362		1 362	_
prime less 2,0% thereafter	30 221		30 221	_
Loan bearing interest at 8,92% per annum until 09/03/2009, and	30 11.		30 22.	
prime less 2,0% thereafter	75 366	_	75 366	-
Loan bearing interest at 8,97% per annum until 16/12/2005, and				
prime less 1,5% thereafter	-	35 102	_	35 102
Loan bearing interest at prime less 1,5% per annum		63 290		63 290
Loan bearing interest at prime less 2,0% per annum	50 841		50 841	
	157 790	130 349	157 790	130 349

30 September 2006

		Group		mpany
	2006	2005	2006	2005
	R'000	(restated) R'000	R'000	(restated) R'000
14. INTEREST BEARING BORROWINGS (continued)  The loans detailed above in 14.1 and 14.2 are secured by fi mortgage bonds over the property portfolio, which has a fair R824,6 million, and by a pledge of the Group's investment in which has a value of R110,9 million.	value of			
The Absa and Nedbank loans are repayable on 31/01/2014.				
14.3 BP SOUTHERN AFRICA (PROPRIETARY) LIMITED This loan does not bear interest and is repayable in monthly installments of R5 000 until January 2012. It is secured over Section 92 Nedbank Plaza, Pietermaritzburg which has a fair value of R2,25 million.	380	440	380	440
rictornalization with the value of rejection	315 960	267 199	315 960	267 199
The Company's Articles of Association limit the Group's borrowing capacity (excluding debentures) to 60% of its consolidated total assets.				
Borrowing capacity	598 429	475 366		
Borrowing facility with Absa Bank Limited and Nedcor Bank	Limited 390 000	294 129		
Less: borrowings	(315 960)	(267 199)		
Unutilised borrowing facility	74 040	26 930		
Subsequent to the year-end, the borrowing facility was incre-R700 million.	ased to			
An overdraft facility of R5 million exists with Absa Bank Limite which R0,8 million (2005:R0,9 million) has been utilised for n guarantees. With the exception of the guarantees issued, the c bears interest at prime less 2% (2005:1,5%), with no securit repayable on demand.	nunicipal overdraft			
15. DEFERRED TAXATION LIABILITY  Movements in deferred taxation:				
Balance at beginning of the year	36 433	10 239	28 175	6 044
Charged to the income statement				
Deferred taxation on revaluation of investment properties	27 922	25 761	23 347	21 560
Straight line adjustment- revaluation	(1 104)	(1716)	(982)	(1 457)
Straight line adjustment– rental	I 104	1716	982	I 457
Temporary differences charged to the income statement	144	433	144	571
Balance at end of the year	64 499	36 433	51 666	28 175



	G	roup	Cor	npany
	2006	2005	2006	2005
	R'000	(restated) R'000	R'000	(restated) R'000
	K 000	K000	K 000	K000
15. DEFERRED TAXATION LIABILITY (continued)				
Temporary differences comprise of:				
Building allowances	202	135	202	135
Tenant installation and letting commission costs	583	388	451	361
Provision for doubtful debts	(102)	(112)	(102)	(112)
Tax losses	(143)	(38)	-	=
Deposits received	(61)	(38)	(61)	(38)
Deferred taxation on revaluation of investment properties	64 020	36 098	51 176	27 829
	64 499	36 433	51 666	28 175
Deferred taxation has been raised at the corporate tax rate				
of 29%, even though the taxation payable would be at the capital gains tax rate of 14,5% should the properties be realised.				
16. RENTAL REVENUE				
Rental revenue before straight line adjustments	82 806	76 889	69 345	63 459
Recoveries	17 007	16 641	14 113	12 695
	99 813	93 530	83 458	76   54
17. PROPERTY EXPENSES				
Property expenses include the following major categories:				
Body corporate levies	2 115	1 992	2 1 1 5	1 992
Cleaning	I 264	1 239	1 240	1 221
Collection commission	2 630	2 639	2 179	2 148
Electricity	5 182	4 361	4 520	3 750
Rates and taxes	5 734	5716	4 428	4 399
Security	1 727	I 465	1 555	1 465
Water	980	1 004	891	812
18. INTEREST INCOME Bank	186	281	170	272
Interest on net rentals	80	63	81	63
Prepaid debenture interest on units issued	1 774	2 029	1 774	2 029
Subsidiary company	1 //4	2 029	12 546	13 452
Subsidially Company				10 .02
	2 040	2 373	14 571	15 816

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2006   2005   2006   2005   2006   2005   (restated)		Group		Company	
19. ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES		2006	2005 (restated)	2006	2005 (restated)
Announcements and annual reports   3   3   3   3   3   3   3   3   3					
Asset management fees   3 903   2.750   3 903   2.518   ISE Securities Exchange fee   131   130   130   13	19. ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES				
SE Securities Exchange fee	Announcements and annual reports	313	355	313	355
Professional fees         83         58         78         58           Travel         153         160         153         160           Valuations         210         270         198         270           Other         473         761         474         761           5 266         4 484         5 250         4 252           20         Other         208         154         208         196           Auditors' remuneration – audit fee         270         219         270         219           Directors' emoluments:         208         154         208         196           Auditors' remuneration – audit fee         270         219         270         219           Directors' emoluments:         1061         920         1061         920           Non-executive – salary, benefits and other emoluments         1061         920         1061         920           Non-executive – fees         411         415         411         415           Deform         26         –         26         –         26         –         26         –         26         –         26         –         26         –         26         –	Asset management fees	3 903	2 750	3 903	2518
Travel	JSE Securities Exchange fee	131	130	131	130
Valuations	Professional fees	83	58	78	58
Other         473         761         474         761           5 266         4 484         5 250         4 252           20. OTHER EXPENSES         Net provision for doubtful debts expense         208         154         208         196           Auditors' remuneration — audit fee         270         219         270         219           Directors' emoluments:         1 061         920         1 061         920           Non-executive — salary, benefits and other emoluments         1 061         920         1 061         920           Non-executive — fees         411         415         411         415           Donations         50         —         50         —           Other         26         —         26         —           Other         26         —         26         —           Current         28 066         26 281         23 491         22 079           Capital Gains Taxation         59         308         59         308           Deferred taxation         28 066         26 281         23 491         22 079           Change in tax rate         —         341         —         2020           Prior year         <	Travel	153	160	153	160
S 266	Valuations	210	270	198	270
20. OTHER EXPENSES   Net provision for doubtful debts expense   208   154   208   196   Auditors' remuneration – audit fee   270   219   270   210	Other	473	761	474	761
Net provision for doubtful debts expense   208		5 266	4 484	5 250	4 252
Auditors' remuneration – audit fee   270   219   270   219   270   219   270   219   270   219   270   219   270   219   270   219   270   219   270   219   270   219   270   219   270   219   270	20. OTHER EXPENSES				
Directors' emoluments:   Executive - salary, benefits and other emoluments   1 061   920   1 061   920     Non-executive - fees   411   415   411   415     Donations   50   -   50   -     Other   26   -   26   -     2026   1708   2026   1750      21. TAXATION EXPENSE					
Executive - salary, benefits and other emoluments   1061   920   1061   920   Non-executive - fees   411   415   411   415   411   415   411   415   415   411   415   415   416   415   415   416   415   415   416   415		270	219	270	219
Non-executive   fees					
Donations   S0	·				
Other         26         —         26         —           2 026         1 708         2 026         1 750           21. TAXATION EXPENSE South African Normal Taxation Current Capital Gains Taxation         59         308         59         308           Deferred taxation           Current         28 066         26 281         23 491         22 079           Change in tax rate         —         (341)         —         (202)           Prior year         —         26 1         —         261           Reconciliation of effective tax rate:         96         %         %         %           Statutory rate         29,0         29,0         29,0         29,0           Share of associate company's profits         (3,2)         (3,5)         —         —           Non-taxable income         (0,5)         (0,3)         (0,6)         (0,5)           Capital Gains Taxation         (0,1)         (0,7)         (0,2)         (0,9)           Disallowable expenditure         —         (0,1)         —         (0,1)         —         (0,1)           Change in tax rate         —         (0,2)         —         (0,2)         —         — <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>415</td><td></td><td>415</td></t<>			415		415
2 026			_		-
21. TAXATION EXPENSE   South African Normal Taxation	Other				
South African Normal Taxation		2 026	<u> </u>	2 026	1 750
Current         59         308         59         308           Deferred taxation         Current         28 066         26 28 I         23 49 I         22 079           Change in tax rate         -         (34 I)         -         (202)           Prior year         -         26 I         -         26 I           Reconciliation of effective tax rate:         96         96         96         96           Statutory rate         29,0         29,0         29,0         29,0           Share of associate company's profits         (3,2)         (3,5)         -         -           Non-taxable income         (0,5)         (0,3)         (0,6)         (0,5)           Capital Gains Taxation         (0,1)         (0,7)         (0,2)         (0,9)           Disallowable expenditure         -         0,1         -         0,1           Change in tax rate         -         (0,3)         -         (0,2)           Prior year adjustments         -         0,2         -         0,3	21. TAXATION EXPENSE South African Normal Taxation				
Capital Gains Taxation         59         308         59         308           Deferred taxation         Current         28 066         26 281         23 491         22 079           Change in tax rate         -         (341)         -         (202)           Prior year         -         261         -         261           Reconciliation of effective tax rate:         %         %         %         %           Statutory rate         29,0         29,0         29,0         29,0         29,0         29,0         29,0         29,0         29,0         29,0         29,0         5,0         <					
Deferred taxation   Current   28 066   26 281   23 491   22 079		59	308	59	308
Current         28 066         26 28 I         23 49 I         22 079           Change in tax rate         -         (34 I)         -         (202)           Prior year         -         26 I         -         26 I           Reconciliation of effective tax rate:         %         %         %         %           Statutory rate         29,0         29,0         29,0         29,0         29,0           Share of associate company's profits         (3,2)         (3,5)         -         -         -           Non-taxable income         (0,5)         (0,3)         (0,6)         (0,5)           Capital Gains Taxation         (0,1)         (0,7)         (0,2)         (0,9)           Disallowable expenditure         -         0,1         -         0,1           Change in tax rate         -         (0,3)         -         (0,2)           Prior year adjustments         -         0,2         -         0,3	•				
Change in tax rate         -         (341)         -         (202)           Prior year         -         261         -         261           28 125         26 509         23 550         22 446           Reconciliation of effective tax rate:         %         %         %         %           Statutory rate         29,0 <td></td> <td>28 066</td> <td>26 281</td> <td>23 491</td> <td>22 079</td>		28 066	26 281	23 491	22 079
Prior year         -         261         -         261           Reconciliation of effective tax rate:         %         %         %         %           Statutory rate         29,0 <t< td=""><td>Change in tax rate</td><td>_</td><td>(341)</td><td>_</td><td></td></t<>	Change in tax rate	_	(341)	_	
Reconciliation of effective tax rate:         %         %         %         %           Statutory rate         29,0         29,0         29,0         29,0           Share of associate company's profits         (3,2)         (3,5)         -         -           Non-taxable income         (0,5)         (0,3)         (0,6)         (0,5)           Capital Gains Taxation         (0,1)         (0,7)         (0,2)         (0,9)           Disallowable expenditure         -         0,1         -         0,1           Change in tax rate         -         (0,3)         -         (0,2)           Prior year adjustments         -         0,2         -         0,3		_	, ,	_	
Statutory rate       29,0       29,0       29,0       29,0         Share of associate company's profits       (3,2)       (3,5)       -       -         Non-taxable income       (0,5)       (0,3)       (0,6)       (0,5)         Capital Gains Taxation       (0,1)       (0,7)       (0,2)       (0,9)         Disallowable expenditure       -       0,1       -       0,1         Change in tax rate       -       (0,3)       -       (0,2)         Prior year adjustments       -       0,2       -       0,3		28 125		23 550	
Statutory rate       29,0       29,0       29,0       29,0         Share of associate company's profits       (3,2)       (3,5)       -       -         Non-taxable income       (0,5)       (0,3)       (0,6)       (0,5)         Capital Gains Taxation       (0,1)       (0,7)       (0,2)       (0,9)         Disallowable expenditure       -       0,1       -       0,1         Change in tax rate       -       (0,3)       -       (0,2)         Prior year adjustments       -       0,2       -       0,3					
Share of associate company's profits       (3,2)       (3,5)       -       -         Non-taxable income       (0,5)       (0,3)       (0,6)       (0,5)         Capital Gains Taxation       (0,1)       (0,7)       (0,2)       (0,9)         Disallowable expenditure       -       0,1       -       0,1         Change in tax rate       -       (0,3)       -       (0,2)         Prior year adjustments       -       0,2       -       0,3					
Non-taxable income       (0,5)       (0,3)       (0,6)       (0,5)         Capital Gains Taxation       (0,1)       (0,7)       (0,2)       (0,9)         Disallowable expenditure       -       0,1       -       0,1         Change in tax rate       -       (0,3)       -       (0,2)         Prior year adjustments       -       0,2       -       0,3	•			29,0	29,0
Capital Gains Taxation       (0,1)       (0,7)       (0,2)       (0,9)         Disallowable expenditure       -       0,1       -       0,1         Change in tax rate       -       (0,3)       -       (0,2)         Prior year adjustments       -       0,2       -       0,3				_	-
Disallowable expenditure       -       0,1       -       0,1         Change in tax rate       -       (0,3)       -       (0,2)         Prior year adjustments       -       0,2       -       0,3					
Change in tax rate       -       (0,3)       -       (0,2)         Prior year adjustments       -       0,2       -       0,3	·	(0,1)		(0,2)	
Prior year adjustments		_		-	
· · ·		_		-	
<b>25,2</b> 24,5 <b>28,2</b> 27,8	Prior year adjustments				
		25,2	24,5	28,2	27,8



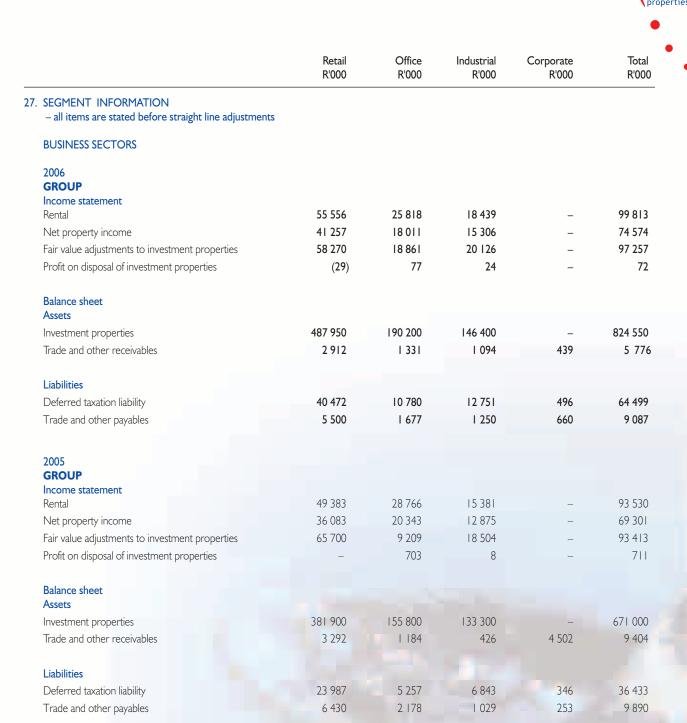
	2006	2005 (restated)	2006	2005 (restated)
	R'000	R'000	Cents per unit/share*	Cents per unit/share*
HEADLINE EARNINGS AND EARNINGS PER LINKED UNIT/ SHARE (WEIGHTED)				
GROUP				
Net profit (earnings) – shares	83 534	81 807	46,48	49,18
Debenture interest	55 199	47 799	30,72	28,73
Net profit (earnings) – linked units	138 733	129 606	77,20	77,91
Amortisation of debenture premium	(1 776)	(1 191)	(0,99)	(0,72)
Capital surpluses (net of deferred taxation)	(79 015)	(76 339)	(43,97)	(45,89)
Headline earnings – linked units	57 942	52 076	32,24	31,30
Debenture interest	(55 199)	(47 799)	(30,72)	(28,73)
Headline earnings – shares	2 743	4 277	1,52	2,57
Reconciliation to undistributed income:				
Debenture interest	55 199	47 799	30,72	28,73
Rental straight lining net of deferred taxation	(2 703)	(4 202)	(1,50)	(2,53
Distributable earnings	55 239	47 874	30,74	28,77
Debenture interest	(55 199)	(47 799)	(30,72)	(28,73
Undistributed income	40	75	0,02	0,04
COMPANY				
Net profit (earnings) – shares	59 867	58 413	33,31	35,11
Debenture interest	55 199	47 799	30,72	28,73
Net profit (earnings) – linked units	115 066	106 212	64,03	63,84
Amortisation of debenture premium	(1 776)	(1 191)	(0,99)	(0,72
Capital surpluses (net of deferred taxation)	(55 648)	(53 718)	(30,97)	(32,29
Headline earnings – linked units	57 642	51 303	32,07	30,83
Debenture interest	(55 199)	(47 799)	(30,72)	(28,73
Headline earnings – shares	2 443	3 504	1,35	2,10
* Based on a weighted average number of 179 707 418 (2005: 166 351 units in issue for the year.	253)			
Distribution per linked unit in issue				
Based on 186 482 837 (2005: 173 814 215) units in issue at 30 September 2006.			29,60	27,50

## Notes To The Annual Financial Statements (continued)

30 September 2006

	G	roup	Company		
	2006	2005	2006	2005	
	R'000	(restated) R'000	R'000	(restated) R'000	
	11000	1,000			
23. CASH GENERATED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES  Profit before taxation	111 659	108 316	83 417	80 859	
Adjusted for:	111 037	100 310	03 417	00 037	
Straight-line adjustment	(3 807)	(5 918)	(3 386)	(5 023	
Amortisation of debenture premium	(1 776)	(1 191)	(1 776)	(1 191	
Share of income from associate	(12 465)	(12 972)	_	_	
Fair value adjustment for investment properties	(93 450)	(87 495)	(78 095)	(73 905	
Profit on disposal of investment properties	(72)	(711)	(72)	(711	
Interest received	(11 908)	(10711)	(24 439)	(24 154	
Debenture interest	55 199	47 799	55 199	47 799	
Finance costs	23 902	25 992	23 902	25 992	
Cash generated from operations before working capital changes	67 282	63 109	54 750	49 666	
Decrease/ (increase) in trade and other receivables	3 628	(4019)	4 620	(4 065	
(Decrease)/ increase in trade and other payables	(805)	4 360	(517)	3 157	
	70 105	63 450	58 853	48 758	
24. DISTRIBUTIONS PAID TO LINKED UNITHOLDERS  Debenture interest paid is reconciled as follows:					
Amounts unpaid at beginning of the year	(25 033)	(26 520)	(25 033)	(26 520	
Amounts charged to the income statement	(55 199)	(47 799)	(55 199)	(47 799	
Amounts unpaid at end of the year	29 098	25 033	29 098	25 033	
	(51 134)	(49 286)	(51 134)	(49 286	
25. COMMITMENTS		22.522		22.522	
Investment property contracted for	-	22 500	_	22 500	
26. LEASES					
The future minimum lease commitments receivable					
under non-cancellable operating leases are as follows:	00.115	72.425		40.00	
Not later than I year	92 118	73 435	76 706	62 284	
Later than 1 year and not later than 5 years	217 510	154 204	183 668	124 358	
Later than 5 years	18 927	24 630	18 927	24 630	

Ambit enters into lease contracts with tenants in exchange for their use of the property.



### Notes To The Annual Financial Statements (continued)

30 September 2006

	Gauteng R'000	Durban R'000	Pietermartizburg R'000	Other R'000	Total R'000
27. SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)  – all items are stated before straight line adjustn	nents				
GEOGRAPHICAL					
2006 GROUP Income statement					
Rental	65 227	12 028	14 065	8 493	99 813
Net property income	49 392	8 196	9 979	7 007	74 574
Fair value adjustments					
to investment properties	80 114	10 303	2 154	4 686	97 257
Balance sheet					
Investment properties	558 300	97 550	80 900	87 800	824 550
2005 GROUP					
Income statement	50.044	12.071	14 (12	7.010	02.520
Rental	59 044	12 061	14613	7 812	93 530
Balance sheet					
Investment properties	475 900	72 800	77 800	44 500	671 000

#### 28. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Group's financial instruments consist primarily of cash deposits with banks, investments, trade and other receivables, payables and interest bearing borrowings. All these financial instruments are carried at cost or amortised cost.

In the normal course of its operations, the Group is inter alia exposed to credit, interest rate and liquidity risk. In order to manage these risks, the Group may enter into transactions which make use of derivatives. The Group does not speculate in or engage in the trading of derivative instruments.

#### Credit risk

The Group's financial assets that are potentially subject to credit risk include cash deposits with banks and trade and other receivables. The credit risk attached to the Group's cash deposits is minimised by its cash deposits only being placed with reputable financial institutions. Credit risk with respect to trade and other receivables is limited due to the large and diverse tenant base. In addition tenant creditworthiness is thoroughly assessed before leases are signed.

#### Interest rate risk

The Group is exposed to interest rate price risk on its fixed rate loan liabilities and accounts receivable and payable, which can impact on the fair value of the instruments. The Group is exposed to interest rate cash flow risk in respect of its variable rate loans and short-term cash investments, which can impact on the cash flows of these instruments. The exposure to interest rate risk is managed through monitoring cashflows and investing surplus cash at negotiated rates which enables the Group to maximise returns while minimising risks.

#### Liquidity risk

The Group proactively manages its liquidity risk by regularly assessing cash requirements and monitoring cashflows, whilst ensuring surplus cash is invested in a manner to achieve maximum returns.



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29. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

PARTY CONCERNED	TRANSACTION TYPE		
Amounts expensed to the income statement: Marriott Property Services (Proprietary) Limited	<ul><li>Leasing commissions</li></ul>	707	386
Trainott Property Services (Proprietary) Enrited	- Collection commissions	2 573	2 176
Ambit Management Services (Proprietary) Limited	<ul><li>Asset management fees*</li></ul>	3 903	2 750
Absa Bank Limited	<ul> <li>Interest paid on loans</li> </ul>	12 574	12 861
Amounts credited to the income statement:			
Absa Bank Limited	<ul> <li>Bank interest received</li> </ul>	54	344
	<ul> <li>Interest received</li> </ul>		
	(prepaid distribution on issue of units)	953	2 029
Oryx Properties Limited	<ul> <li>Interest received</li> </ul>	9 868	8 2 1 5
	<ul> <li>Dividends received</li> </ul>	_	123
	<ul> <li>Share of after tax profits</li> </ul>	12 465	12 972
	<ul><li>Fees for directorship</li></ul>	33	20
Property acquisitions and listing expenses:			
Motseng Marriott Property Services (Proprietary) Limited	<ul><li>Valuation fees</li></ul>	-	52
Exchange Sponsors (Proprietary) Limited	– Sponsors fees	68	61
Amounts owing to related parties:			
Absa Bank Limited	– Long-term loans	157 790	136 410
Amounts owing from related parties: Absa Bank Limited	– Cash	34 197	21 860
/ Was Dain Limited	Casir	JT 177	21 000

The Group is managed by Ambit Management Services (Proprietary) Limited (AMS). This company, which is considered to be a related party, is owned by Absa Bank Limited (Absa). Marriott Property Services (Proprietary) Limited (Marriott) sold the rights to its 50% share in AMS to Absa in August 2006. Absa and Marriott, together with their related group companies, are consequently also regarded as related parties for the purpose of the disclosures above. All transactions are concluded on an arms length basis with market related terms and conditions.

Key personnel are the executive and non-executive directors, whose remuneration is disclosed in Note 20.

In April 2006, Ambit acquired 50% of Akals Properties (Proprietary) Limited in conjunction with Pinespring Properties (Proprietary) Limited, a wholly owned subsidiary of Highpine Properties (Proprietary) Limited, a company in which Mr J H Beare has an interest.

<sup>\*</sup> AMS sub-contracts certain of these services to Absa and Marriott and remunerates them out of the fees received from Ambit Properties Limited.

# Property Portfolio 30 September 2006

Address	Location	Site area m <sup>2</sup>	Rentable area m <sup>2</sup>	% Vacancy by rentable area	Major leases	Date of acquisition	Year-end valuation	% of fund by value
RETAIL Park Meadows Kensington	Gauteng	75 873	24 402	0	Pick 'n Pay Ackermans Furniture City Hi Fi Corporation Dischem Baby City Mr Price Weekend Mr Price Home Sportsmans Warehouse Home Etc and others	29/01/2004	327 500 000	39,7
Scottsville Mall Durban Road	Pietermaritzburg	19 326	14 501	4,6	Shoprite Checkers Ster Kinekor El Sombrero Spur Miladys Absa Bank Nedbank and others	26/01/2004	72 500 000	8,8
Lowveld Lifestyle Centre	Nelspruit	24 566	11 420	0	Wetherleys Beds 4 Africa Jumbo Cash & Carry	11/04/2006	43 700 000	5,3
cnr Oxford & Terminus Street	East London	2 007	1 932	0	Mr Price Total Sports Discom and others	11/02/2004	15 400 000	1,9
Old Main Road Pinetown (50%)	Durban	8 112	9 190	0	Midas Engen Wesbank	12/07/2006	14 150 000	1,7
Royal Palm Avenue Umgeni	Durban	4 461	927	0	Engen Steers and others	27/01/2004	10 200 000	1,2
Truworths Corner Mitchells' Plain	Cape Town	512	512	0	First National Bank	08/03/2004	4 500 000	0,5
Total Retail				1,2			487 950 000	59,1
OFFICES 43 Bekker Road Vorna Valley Midrand	Gauteng	14 503	8312	14,4	Wyeth South Africa Syngenta South Africa	03/02/2004	52 500 000	6,4
79 Hyde Park Lane Hyde Park	Gauteng	10 106	4 379	14,5	Marriott Universal Database Marketing	03/02/2004	26 500 000	3,2
Horizon Park Roodepoort	Gauteng	4 158	2 427	0	Absa Bank Limited	11/01/2006	26 000 000	3,1



Address	Location	Site area m <sup>2</sup>	Rentable area m <sup>2</sup>	% Vacancy by rentable area	Major leases	Date of acquisition	Year-end valuation	% of fund by value
OFFICES (continued) cnr Reserve Road & Biccard Street Braamfontein	Gauteng	991	5 984	1,2	Firstrand Bank The Gauteng Provincial Government	28/01/2004	18 600 000	2,3
2-4 Golf Course Drive Mount Edgecombe	Durban	3 014	3 042	25,4	Accord Education Trust Toplink	27/01/2004	18 200 000	2,2
36 Newport Avenue Glenashley	Durban	3716	2 766	5,9	Engen Coimbra Splashes	26/01/2004	17 300 000	2,1
7 Derby Place Westville	Durban	4 826	2 158	18,9	Department of Health	29/01/2004	10 700 000	1,3
3 Sookhai Place Westville	Durban	3 596	I 848	1,1	Thebe Risk Services Volker Wattrus & De Witt	29/01/2004	10 000 000	1,2
I Derby Place Westville	Durban	2017	960	30,7	Ensign Shipping & Logistics Imperial Fleet Services	26/01/2004	4 900 000	0,6
2 George McFarlane Lane	Pietermaritzburg	596	572	36,6	Wesbank	26/01/2004	3 200 000	0,4
10 Derby Place Westville	Durban	516	554	0	The KZN Provincial Administration	26/01/2004	2 300 000	0,3
Total Offices				11,4			190 200 000	23,1
INDUSTRIAL 8 Jansen Road Jet Park	Gauteng	48 946	22 774	0	Picpack Grindrod	03/02/2004	59 200 000	7,2
12 Piet Rautenbach Street, Rosslyn	Gauteng	135 001	22 310	3,7	Dept of Public Works and others	15/07/2005	37 500 000	4,5
12 Nourse Avenue Epping	Cape Town	17 277	10 581	0	Rare Woods First Garment	04/01/2005	16 200 000	2,0
233 Hendrik Verwoerd Drive, Randburg	Gauteng	4 062	2 958	0	McCarthy Retail	27/02/2004	10 500 000	1,3
9 Montague Drive Montague	Cape Town	5 028	2 669	2,0	Progress Lighting and Fire	19/03/2004	8 000 000	۱,(
2 Cardiff Road	Pietermaritzburg	10 480	3 114	0	Central African Seed Services	26/01/2004	5 200 000	0,6
I I O Intersite Avenue Springfield	Durban	2 101	1 376	0	MacPhersons Office Plan	28/01/2004	4 500 000	0,6
94 Moore Road	Durban	1 095	1 197	0	Transworld Tyres Africa	29/01/2004	3 400 000	0,4
32 Intersite Avenue Springfield	Durban	1 157	600	0	Tactic Merchant Services	28/01/2004	1 900 000	0,2
				1,3			146 400 000	17,8

 $<sup>\</sup>ensuremath{^{*}}\xspace$  Old Main Road Pinetown excluded as held for development.

### Notice Of Annual General Meeting

AMBIT PROPERTIES LIMITED Reg. No. 2001/007003/06 JSE Code: ABT ISIN Code: ZAE000051645

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that the Annual General Meeting of the Company will be held at the Quatermain Premier Boutique Hotel, 137 West Road South, Morningside, Johannesburg, on Wednesday 21st day of February 2007 at 10am.

#### **AGENDA**

- I. Notice convening the Meeting.
- 2. Apologies.
- 3. Confirmation of the minutes of the Annual General Meeting held on the 7th day of February 2006.
- 4. Report of the Chairman.
- 5. To receive the audited Annual Financial Statements of the Company including the reports of the auditors and directors for the year ended 30 September 2006.
- 6. To approve the remuneration of the non-executive directors for the financial year ended 30 September 2006 and to approve a 10% increase in the remuneration of the non-executive directors for the year ahead as follows:

•	Non-executive director	R55 000 p.a.
•	Chairman of the Board, an additional	R38 500 p.a.
•	Chairman of the Risk, Audit and Compliance Committee (RA&CC), an additional	R33 000 p.a.
•	Member of the Risk, Audit and Compliance Committee (RA&CC), an additional	R16 500 p.a.
•	Member of the Investment Committee, an additional	RII 000 p.a.

- 7. To consider and, if deemed fit, to pass, with or without modification, the following resolutions:
  - 7.1 Ordinary Resolution number 1:

"Resolved that the unissued linked units of the Company be placed under the control of the directors, and that they are hereby authorised, subject to section 221 and 222 of the Companies Act of 1973, as amended, and to the Listings Requirements of the JSE Limited, to allot and/or issue linked units to such person or persons on such terms and conditions as they may determine, subject to the following limitations:

- a) The authority will expire at the next Annual General Meeting of the Company.
- b) The authority may be varied or revoked by any general meeting of the Company prior to such annual general meeting.
- c) The authority shall not authorize the allotment or issue of any such shares or debentures to any director of the Company or his nominee, or to any body corporate which is or the directors of which are accustomed to act in accordance with the directions or instructions of such director or nominee, or at a general meeting of which such director or his nominee is entitled to exercise or control the exercise of one-fifth or more of the voting power, or to any subsidiary of such body corporate unless
  - i) the particular allotment or issue has prior to the allotment or issue been specifically approved by the Company in general meeting; or
  - ii) such shares or debentures are allotted or issued under a contract underwriting such shares or debentures; or
  - iii) such shares or debentures are allotted or issued in proportion to existing holdings, on the same terms and conditions as have been offered to all the members or debenture-holders of the company or to all the holders of the shares or such debentures of the class or classes being allotted or issued; or
  - iv) such shares or debentures are allotted or issued on the same terms and conditions as have been offered to members of the public."

#### 7.2 Ordinary Resolution number 2:

"Resolved to authorise the directors to re-appoint Deloitte & Touche as the auditors of the company and to determine the remuneration of the auditors for the past period."



#### 7.3 Ordinary Resolution number 3:

"To re-elect retiring and confirm the appointment of any new directors in accordance with the Articles of Association. Such elections will be moved in a single motion, if a resolution that it be so moved is first agreed, without any vote being cast against it. Otherwise motions for re-election will be moved individually."

"In terms of the Company's Articles of Association, one third of the directors are required to retire annually on a rotation basis, but are eligible for re-election. Accordingly, Mr F Uys and Mr R R Emslie retire by rotation but being eligible, offer themselves for re-election."

"To ratify the resignation of Mr J Zidel (full director) who resigned from the board of directors on 3 May 2006."

"To ratify the resignation of Mr C | Ewin (full director) who resigned from the board of directors on 16 August 2006."

#### 7.4. Ordinary Resolution number 4:

"To confirm the appointment of new directors nominated in accordance with the Articles of Association."

#### 7.5 Ordinary Resolution number 5:

"Resolved that, subject to no less than 75% of linked unitholders, present in person or by proxy and entitled to vote at the Annual General Meeting at which this ordinary resolution is to be considered, voting in favour thereof, the directors of the Company be and are hereby authorised, by way of general authority, valid until the next Annual General Meeting of the Company, or for 15 months from the date of this Annual General Meeting, whichever is first, to issue all or any of the authorised but unissued linked units in the capital of the Company for cash as they in their discretion deem fit, subject to the following limitations:

- The securities must be of a class already in issue;
- The securities must be issued to public unitholders and not to related parties;
- The general issue of linked units for cash in the aggregate in any one financial year may not exceed 15% of the Company's issued linked unit capital of that class;
- The maximum discount at which the securities may be issued is 10% of the weighted average traded price of those securities over the 30 business days prior to the date that the price of the issue is determined or agreed by the directors of the Company; and
- That a press announcement giving full details, including the impact on net asset value and earnings per linked unit, will be published at the time of any issue representing, on a cumulative basis within one year, 5% or more of the number of linked units of that class in issue prior to the issues."
- 8. To transact any other business which under the Articles of Association, may be transacted at an Annual General Meeting.
- 9. General

AMBIT MANAGEMENT SERVICES (PROPRIETARY) LIMITED COMPANY SECRETARY

## Notice Of Annual General Meeting (continued)

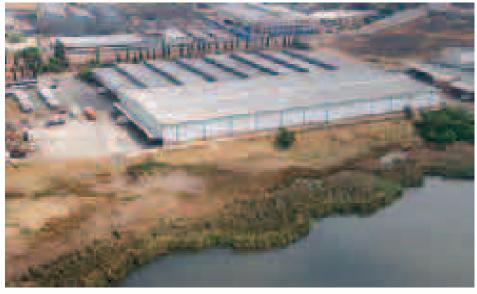
AMBIT PROPERTIES LIMITED Reg. No. 2001/007003/06 JSE Code: ABT ISIN Code: ZAE000051645

#### NOTE

- 1. A linked unitholder (certificated or own name dematerialised unitholder) entitled to attend and vote is entitled to appoint a proxy to attend, speak, vote, and on a poll, vote in his stead, and such proxy need not also be a linked unitholder of the Company.
- 2. The Proxy Form must be deposited at the Company Secretary's Office or with the Transfer Secretaries not less than 48 (FORTY-EIGHT) hours before the time of holding the meeting. Linked unitholders (other than own name dematerialised unitholders) who have dematerialised their units should instruct their broker or CSDP as to how they want to vote on the resolutions at the meeting. Alternatively should they wish to attend the meeting, they must arrange with the CSDP or broker concerned to provide them with the necessary authorisation to attend the Annual General Meeting and vote thereat. This must be done in terms of the agreement entered into between the linked unitholder and the CSDP or broker concerned.
- 3. Should you wish to nominate a director in terms of the company's Articles of Association, a directors nomination form, to be completed by the nominator and person(s) nominated as director, can be collected from Mrs M Peters at the Company Secretary's Office. The directors' nomination form together with the nominated director's curriculum vitae is to be lodged at the Company Secretary's Office by no later than 16:00 on 14 February 2006.

Dated at FOURWAYS on this 23<sup>rd</sup> day of November 2006.

Dated at FOURVVATS on this 23 <sup>rd</sup> day of November 2006.					
Company Secretary's Office First Floor, 4 Fricker Road Illovo 2196	P O Box 618 Melrose Arch 2076	Tel. 011 268 5062 Fax. 011 252 7293			
Registered Office First Floor, 4 Fricker Road Illovo 2196	P O Box 618 Melrose Arch 2076	Tel. 011 268 5062 Fax. 011 252 7293			
Transfer Secretaries Computershare Investor Services 2004 (Proprietary) Limited 70 Marshall Street Johannesburg, 2001	P O Box 61051 Marshalltown 2107	Tel. 011 370 5000 Fax. 011 688 5217			



8 Jansen Road, Jet Park, Gauteng



AMBIT PROPERTIES LIMITED (AMBIT)
JSE Code: ABT ISIN Code: ZAE000051645

To be used by certificated or dematerialised linked unitholders with own name registration.

I/We		
(Name/s in block letters)		
of address		
being the holder/s of linked units in AMBIT, a	s at 10am on Monday, the 19 <sup>th</sup> February 2007,	
hereby appoint	of	
or failing him	of	
or failing him THE CHAIRMAN OF THE MEETING		
as my/our Provy to act on my/our hehalf at the Annual Ceneral Meet	og of AMRIT to be held at the Quatermain 137 West Road South Morni	ingside on

	Resolution to receive and adopt the audited annual financial statements of the Company and the reports of the auditors and the directors for the year ended 30 September 2006.		
2.1	Resolution to approve the remuneration of the non-executive directors for the financial year ended 30 September 2006; and		
2.2	to approve the remuneration of the non-executive directors for the year ahead, as per item 6 of the Notice of the Meeting.		
3	Ordinary Resolution number 1: Resolution to place the unissued linked units under the control of the directors.		
4	Ordinary Resolution number 2: Resolution to authorise the directors to re-appoint the auditors for the ensuing year and approve their remuneration for the past year.		
5	Ordinary Resolution number 3:		
5.1	To re-elect Mr F Uys as director;		
5.2	To re-elect Mr R R Emslie as director;		
5.3	To ratify the resignation of Mr J Zidel (full director);		
5.4	To ratify the resignation of Mr C J Ewin (full director); and		
6	Ordinary Resolution number 4: To consider the nominations (if any) and, if deemed fit, appoint any new directors nominated in terms of the Company's Articles of Association		
7	Ordinary Resolution number 5: Resolution to authorise the directors by way of general authority to issue the unissued linked units in the Company for cash.		



Each linked unitholder is entitled to appoint one or more proxies (who need not be a linked unitholder of AMBIT) to attend, speak, and on a poll, vote in place of the linked unitholder at the Annual General Meeting.

Signed at	on this	day of	200
Signature(s)	Capacity		
Company Secretary's Office			
First Floor, 4 Fricker Road	P O Box 618	Tel. 011 268 5062	
Illovo	Melrose Arch	Fax. 011 252 7293	
2196	2076		
Transfer Secretaries			
Computershare Investor Services 2004 (Proprietary) Limited	P O Box 61051	Tel. 011 370 5000	
70 Marshall Street	Marshalltown	Fax. 011 688 5217	
Johannesburg, 2001	2107		

#### INSTRUCTIONS ON SIGNING AND LODGING OF THE PROXY FORM

- 1. The Proxy Form must be deposited at the Company Secretary's Office or with the Transfer Secretaries not less than 48 (FORTY-EIGHT) hours before the time of holding the meeting.
- 2. A deletion of any printed matter and the completion of any blank space(s) need not be signed or initialed. Any alteration must be signed in full.
- 3. The Chairman of the meeting shall be entitled to decline to accept the authority of the signatory:
  - (a) under a power of attorney; or,
  - (b) on behalf of a company or any other entity, unless the power of attorney or authority is deposited at the registered office of the company not less than 48 (FORTY-EIGHT) hours before the time scheduled for the meeting.
- 4. The authority of a person signing a Proxy in a representative capacity must be attached to the Proxy Form unless the authority has already been recorded by the Secretaries.
- 5. The signatory may insert the name of any person(s) whom the signatory wishes to appoint as his Proxy in the blank space(s) provided for that purpose.
- 6. When there are joint holders of units and if more than one such joint holder be present or represented, then the person whose name stands first in the register in respect of such units or his Proxy, as the case may be, shall alone be entitled to vote in respect thereof.
- 7. The completion and lodging of this Proxy Form will not preclude a signatory from attending the meeting and speaking and voting in person thereat, to the exclusion of any Proxy appointed in terms hereof should such signatory wish to do so.
- 8. The Chairman of the meeting may reject or accept any Proxy Form which is completed and/or submitted other than in accordance with these instructions, provided that he is satisfied as to the manner in which a member wishes to vote.
- 9. If the unitholding is not indicated on the Proxy Form, the Proxy will be deemed to be authorised to vote the total unitholding.
- 10. If unitholders have dematerialised their units with a CSDP or broker, other than own name dematerialised unitholders, they must arrange with the CSDP or broker concerned to provide them with the necessary authorisation to attend the Annual General Meeting and vote thereat or the unitholder concerned must instruct their CSDP or broker as to how they wish to vote in this regard. This must be done in terms of the agreement entered into between the unitholder and the CSDP or broker concerned.



## Directors' Traditional Income Statement & Balance Sheet

for the year ended 30 September 2006

Due to the number of accounting adjustments that have resulted from changes to accounting standards over the last three years, the directors of Ambit Properties Limited ("Ambit") have taken the decision to present a traditional income statement and balance sheet. This is for the benefit of users who wish to analyse the Ambit financials in a more user-friendly format.

The following balance sheet and income statement are therefore unaudited and are provided as additional information, in a format better suited to user analysis. They are identical to the audited financials with the following exceptions:

#### 1) Removal of the effects of straight lining of rentals

IFRS requires rentals to be recognised on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease. This means that all escalations are taken into account upfront and smoothed over the period of the lease. In the audited financials this results in an increase to rentals in the first half of the lease and a decrease in the second half. The increase is recognised in the income statement as rental and in the balance sheet as a non-current receivable. There is a corresponding decrease in the revaluation of the investment properties. In the IFRS financials, the effects of straight lining of rentals are then moved to non-distributable reserves.

All straight lining adjustments have been removed in the traditional balance sheet and income statement as presented herein.

#### 2) Reduction of the provision for deferred taxation on revaluations

IFRS requires deferred taxation to be raised on revaluations at the company tax rate of 29%. However, the buildings are valued using after tax rental streams, and the only tax payable would be the capital gains taxation on disposal of the buildings. The deferred taxation on revaluations has therefore been reduced to the capital gains tax rate of 14,5% in the financials below.

#### 3) Removal of the effects of reclassifying and amortising debenture premium

IFRS requires that amounts that were classified as share premium are now allocated to debenture premium and reflected as a long-term liability. This amount is required to be amortised over the minimum contractual period of the debentures, being the remaining period of 25 years from February 2004. As the amount is not a liability, and is legally classified as share premium, the traditional financials have classified these amounts back to share premium and have removed the amortization thereof.

A reconciliation back to the audited IFRS financials is presented below both the income statement and balance sheet.



43 Bekker Road, Vorna Valley, Midrand, Gauteng

## Directors' Traditional Group Balance Sheet

as at 30 September 2006

			Group	
	Notes*	2006	2005	
		R'000	R'000	
ASSETS				
Non-current assets				
Investment properties	7	824 550	671 000	
Investment in associate company	9	110 927	82 944	
		935 477	753 944	
Current assets				
Trade and other receivables		5 776	9 404	
Cash and cash equivalents	10	56 128	28 929	
		61 904	38 333	
TOTAL ASSETS		997 381	792 277	
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES				
Capital and reserves				
Share capital	11	I 865	I 738	
Share premium		53 255	32 986	
Non-distributable reserves		219 224	123 543	
Per IFRS	12	190 886	107 386	
Additional deferred taxation on revaluations		32 005	18 048	
Accumulated amortisation on debenture premium		(3 667)	(1891)	
Distributable reserves		364	330	
		274 708	158 597	
Non-current liabilities				
Debentures	13	335 669	312 866	
Long-term borrowings	14	315 960	267 199	
Deferred taxation		32 492	18 384	
a hama		684 121	598 449	
Current liabilities		0.007	0.000	
Trade and other payables		9 087	9 890	
Taxation payable		367	308	
Linked unitholders for distribution		29 098	25 033	
		38 552	35 23	
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		997 381	<u>792 277</u>	
Reconciliation of equity:				
Equity per traditional balance sheet above		274 708	158 597	
Less:				
Additional deferred tax on revaluations		(32 005)	(18 048)	
Reclassification of share premium to debenture premium		(53 255)	(32 986)	
Add back:				
Amortisation of debenture premium		3 667	1 891	
EQUITY PER AUDITED IFRS BALANCE SHEET		<u>193 115</u>	109 454	
Net asset value per linked unit (before payment of distribution)		343	285	

## Directors' Traditional Group Income Statement

for the year ended 30 September 2006

		C	Group
	Notes* 2006	2006	2005
		R'000	R'000
REVENUE			
Rental	16	99 813	93 530
Property expenses	17	(25 239)	(24 229)
NET RENTAL INCOME		74 574	69 301
Investment income	18	2 040	2 373
Debenture interest income from associate company	9	9 868	8 338
Other expenses	19,20	(7 292)	(6 192)
OPERATING PROFIT BEFORE FINANCE COSTS		79 190	73 820
Less: Finance costs		(23 902)	(25 992)
NET PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION		55 288	47 828
Taxation		(49)	46
DISTRIBUTABLE EARNINGS		55 239	47 874
Debenture interest		(55 199)	(47 799)
UNDISTRIBUTED INCOME		40	75
Share of associate company's after tax profits	6,9	12 465	12 972
Capital profits		83 211	80 450
Profit on sale of investment properties		72	711
Capital gains taxation on disposals		(160)	(793)
Changes in fair value of investment properties		97 257	93 413
Deferred tax on revaluations at 14.5%		(13 958)	(12 881)
NET PROFIT FOR THE YEAR		95 716	93 497
Distribution per linked unit		29,60	27,50
Reconciliation to IFRS income statement:			
Net profit per traditional income statement above		95 716	93 497
Add back:			
Rental straight lining		3 807	5 9 1 8
Amortisation of debenture premium		l 776	1 191
Less:			
Revaluation straight lining adjustment		(3 807)	(5 918)
Additional deferred taxation on revaluations		(13 958)	(12 881)
NET PROFIT PER AUDITED IFRS INCOME STATEMENT		83 534	81 807

Notes\*: Users are referred to the notes as included in the audited financials.

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