

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED ANNUAL RESULTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2009



A challenging year exacerbated by the economic crisis

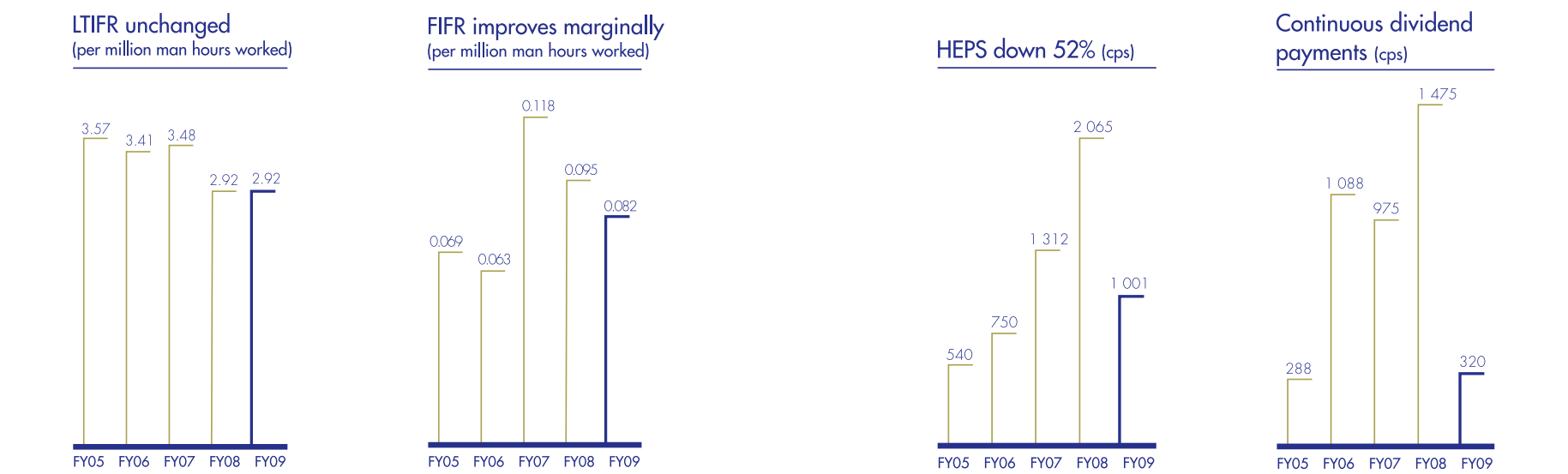
A tragic accident in July claims nine lives

KEY FEATURES

- Disappointing safety performance
- Revenues decline by 31%
- Headline earnings per share decrease 52%
- Lower production
- Cost increases by 32%
- Capex at R6.9 billion
- Cash preservation remains paramount
- Consistently returning dividends to shareholders

Income statement (Audited)			
	For the	For the	
	Year ended	Year ended	
	30 June	30 June	
(R millions)	Notes	2009	2008
Revenue		26 121	37 619
Cost of sales		(16 359)	(19 888)
Gross profit		9 762	17 731
Other operating expenses		(497)	(533)
Royalty expense		(442)	(648)
Profit from operations		8 823	16 550
Finance income		963	689
Finance cost		(169)	(155)
Net foreign exchange transaction (losses)/gains		(211)	439
Other expenses		(54)	(215)
Profit on sale of investments		–	4 831
Share of profit of associates		41	678
Profit before tax		9 393	22 817
Income tax expense		(3 389)	(5 112)
Profit for the year		6 004	17 705
Profit attributable to:			
Owners of the parent		6 020	17 596
Non–controlling interest		(16)	109
		6 004	17 705
Earnings per share (expressed in cents per share – cps)			
Basic		1 001	2 910
Diluted		1 000	2 907
Dividends to group shareholders (cps)	8		
Interim dividend (paid)		120	300
Final dividend (declared)		200	1 175
Dividends per share		320	1 475

Statement of financial position (Audited)			
	As at	As at	
	30 June	30 June	
(R millions)	Notes	2009	2008
Assets			
Non–current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	5	26 224	20 601
Exploration and evaluation assets	5	4 294	4 294
Intangible assets	5	1 018	1 018
Investments, receivables and prepayments		14 644	13 692
Current assets		11 500	22 504
Total assets		57 680	62 109
Equity and liabilities			
Equity attributable to owners of the parent		40 939	43 418
Non–controlling interest		1 864	1 885
Total equity		42 803	45 303
Long–term borrowings	7	1 778	1 464
Deferred tax liability		6 909	5 247
Long–term provisions		1 098	1 548
Current liabilities		5 092	8 547
Total equity and liabilities		57 680	62 109



Segmental analysis (Audited)				
(R millions)	2009		2008	
	Sales	Profit	Sales	Profit
Mining segment				
Impala	15 250	5 346	20 889	8 522
Marula	631	(333)	1 827	755
Zimplats	1 099	(229)	2 132	819
Mimosa	631	(140)	958	517
Afplats	–	(93)		161
Total mining segment	17 611	4 551	25 806	10 774
Refining Services segment	10 507	1 375	15 704	1 700
Other	–	(786)	–	5 693
Inter segment adjustment	(1 997)	864	(3 891)	(462)
	26 121	6 004	37 619	17 705
	Capital expenditure	Total assets		
	2009	2008	2009	2008
Mining segment:				
Impala	4 782	3 415	36 549	38 922
Marula	398	345	2 794	1 970
Zimplats	1 358	1 319	4 881	3 583
Mimosa	277	144	1 295	1 287
Afplats	108	145	7 216	7 110
Total mining	6 923	5 368	52 735	52 872
Refining Services			3 777	8 053
Other			1 168	1 184
	6 923	5 368	57 680	62 109

Headline earnings per share (Audited)			
	For the	For the	
	Year ended	Year ended	
	30 June	30 June	
(R millions)	2009	2008	
Profit attributable to owners of the parent:	6 020	17 596	
Adjustments net of tax:			
Profit on disposal of property, plant and equipment	(5)	(4)	
Impairment of Zimplats Base Metal Refinery	–	74	
Profit on the sale of investment	–	(5 181)	
Headline earnings	6 015	12 485	
Headline earnings per share	1 001	2 065	
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue (millions)	601.12	604.65	

Cash flow statement (Audited)			
	For the	For the	
	Year ended	Year ended	
	30 June	30 June	
(R millions)	2009	2008	
Cash flows from operating activities	6 507	11 241	
Cash flows (used in)/from investing activities	(5 726)	1 279	
Cash flows used in financing activities	(7 940)	(5 455)	
Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents	(7 159)	7 065	
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	10 393	3 218	
Effects of exchange rate changes on monetary assets	114	110	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	3 348	10 393	

Statement of changes in equity (Audited)							
	Share capital and share premium	Retained earnings	Other components of equity	Attributable to owners of the parent	Non-controlling interest	Total equity	
(R millions)							
Balance at 30 June 2007	14 809	17 483	676	32 968	1 730	34 698	
Movements	(59)	17 596	(1 032)	16 505	155	16 660	
Dividends		(6 055)		(6 055)		(6 055)	
Balance at 30 June 2008	14 750	29 024	(356)	43 418	1 885	45 303	
Movements	(681)	6 020	4	5 343	(21)	5 322	
Dividends		(7 822)		(7 822)		(7 822)	
Balance at 30 June 2009	14 069	27 222	(352)	40 939	1 864	42 803	

Statement of total comprehensive income (Audited)					
(R millions)	Fair value adjustments investments	Translation of foreign subsidiaries	Total	Retained earnings	Total
30 June 2008				17 705	17 705
Profit for the year					
Fair value adjustment	577		577		577
Disposal of available-for-sale financial asset	(1 890)		(1 890)		(1 890)
Currency translation reserve		327	327		327
Total comprehensive income for the year	(1 313)	327	(986)	17 705	16 719
30 June 2009				6 004	6 004
Profit for the year					
Fair value adjustment	(38)		(38)		(38)
Currency translation reserve		37	37		37
Total comprehensive income for the year	(38)	37	(1)	6 004	6 003

- Notes (Audited)

1 General information

The company is a limited liability company incorporated and domiciled in South Africa. The address of its registered office is 2 Fricker Road, Illovo, 2196. The Company has its primary listing on the JSE Limited. The consolidated annual financial results were approved for issue on 27 August 2009.

2 Basis of preparation

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) and IAS 34 Interim Financial Reporting, interpretations of those standards (as adopted by the International Accounting Standards Board) and applicable legislation (requirements of the South African Companies Act and the regulations of the JSE Limited).

3 Accounting policies

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention except for the following:

Revaluation of available-for-sale financial investments and certain financial assets and financial liabilities are at fair value, derivative financial instruments and liabilities for cash-settled share-based payment arrangements are based on fair value.

The principal accounting policies used by the group are consistent with those of the previous year, except for the adoption of various revised and new standards as fully described in the annual report available on the company's website. The adoption of these standards had no material impact on the financial results for this financial year.

4 Audit opinion

The financial statements have been audited by PricewaterhouseCoopers Inc. whose unqualified opinion is available for inspection at the registered office of Implats.

5 Property, plant and equipment

(R millions)	Property, plant and equipment	Exploration and evaluation assets	Intangible assets
Opening net book amount as at 30 June 2007	16 029	4 294	1 018
Additions	5 368		
Disposals	(43)		
Exchange adjustment on translation	344		
Depreciation, amortisation and other movements	(1 097)		
Closing net book amount as at 30 June 2008	20 601	4 294	1 018
Additions	6 923		
Disposals	(44)		
Exchange adjustment on translation	(277)		
Depreciation, amortisation and other movements	(979)		
Closing net book amount as at 30 June 2009	26 224	4 294	1 018

6 Capital commitments and derivative exposure

Capital expenditure approved at 30 June 2009 amounted to R22.1 billion (June 2008: R20.6 billion), of which R2.9 billion (June 2008: R3.9 billion) is already committed. This expenditure will be funded internally and if necessary, from borrowings. With regards to derivative instruments, the group, from time to time, sells refined metal on behalf of third parties, into the market with a commitment to repurchase the metal at a later date. The net fair value of the commitments as at 30 June 2009 amounted to R38 million (2008: R318 million).

7 Long-term borrowings

Borrowings from Standard Bank of South Africa Limited:

 - Loans obtained by BEE partners for purchasing a 27% share in Marula Platinum (Proprietary) Limited amounting to R710 million (2008: R755 million). The loan carries interest at JIBAR plus 130 (2008: 90) basis points and a revolving credit facility amounting to R107 million (2008: R57 million), which carries interest at JIBAR plus 145 (2008: 100) basis points. The loans are repayable over 6.5 (2008: 7.5) years. The rise in basis points is due to an increase of R89 million on the term facility and R55 million on the revolving credit facility.
 - A loan facility of R621 million (US\$80 million) (2008: R635 million (US\$80 million)) was obtained to partially finance the Ngezi Phase One expansion at Zimplats. An amount of R588 million (US\$76 million) (2008: R404 million (US\$51 million)) of this facility was drawn at the end of the period. The loan carries interest at LIBOR plus 700 (2008: 700) basis points. It is repayable in 12 equal quarterly instalments starting December 2009 and will be repaid by December 2012. The loan is secured by cessions over cash, debtors and revenues of Zimbabwe Platinum Mines (Pvt) Limited.

- 8 Dividends per share**
On 27 August 2009, a sub-committee of the board declared a final cash dividend of 200 cents per share amounting to R1.2 billion in respect of financial year 2009. Secondary Tax on Companies (STC) on the dividend will amount to R120 million.

9 Guarantees
At year end the group had bank and other guarantees of R508 million (2008: R542 million).

The Zimbabwe Revenue Authority (ZIMRA) has issued an amended assessment to the value of R217 million (US\$28 million) for additional profits tax on Zimbabwe Platinum Mines (Pvt) Ltd. An objection has been lodged on the basis that additional profits tax is not payable in terms of an agreement entered into with the Zimbabwean government.

(R millions)	2009	2008
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Platinum	(000oz)	194	208
Palladium	(000oz)	181	199
Rhodium	(000oz)	38	42
Nickel	(000t)	3	2

Exchange rate:	(R/\$)		
Closing rate on 30 June		7.76	7.93
Average rate achieved		8.63	7.32
Revenue per platinum ounce sold	(\$/oz)	1 995	2 941
	(R/oz)	17 217	21 528

Sales volumes			
Platinum	(000oz)	1 503	1 739
Palladium	(000oz)	781	885
Rhodium	(000oz)	180	197
Nickel	(000t)	14	13

Gross margin achieved	(%)	37	47
Return on equity	(%)	14	38
Return on total assets	(%)	10	20
Debt to equity	(%)	4	3

Tonnes milled	(000t)	20 083	20 380
PGM refined production	(000oz)	3 428	3 644
Capital expenditure	(Rm)	6 923	5 368
Cost per platinum ounce excluding share based payments	(R/oz)	9 129	6 930
	(\$/oz)	1 005	954

Safety remains the key priority for Implants, and we are committed to achieving our vision of Zero Harm. It is regrettable that eleven employees lost their lives at work during the financial year. The tragedy involving nine employees in a fall-of-ground incident at 14 Shaft in July 2009 was a disappointing blow for the group. We extend our sincere condolences to the families and friends of all those who died.

It is of great concern to the company that safety performance was well below the targets set. A number of safety initiatives, developed jointly with our Unions, were rolled out during the year. These include:

- plapats welcomes the Department of Mineral Resources' attention to safety and applauds all efforts to increase safety in the mining industry. It is only through the involvement of all role-players, including government, unions, management, employees, employee safety representatives and members of the community, that a safer working environment will be created. The realisation of our vision of Zero Harm will only be achieved through a collective effort.

The slowdown in the rate of decline of new vehicle sales in developed economies, accompanied by the emergence of China as a major player in the world vehicle market, is stabilising autocatalyst demand. This is being underpinned by strong demand from the Chinese platinum jewellery industry as manufacturers restock on the back of renewed consumer appetite at lower price levels. Consumption from this sector over the first half of this calendar year has more than equalled the consumption during 2008. Other factors, including the restocking from Japanese investors following the liquidation of the previous year, the increased appeal of platinum ETF's, the introduction of vehicle scrappage incentives in various developed economies and a number of primary supply cutbacks, indicate a platinum market that is close to balance despite the global recession.

A sustainable appreciation in the platinum price is forecast over the medium term in line with improved fundamentals. The increase in dollar liquidity following quantitative easing measures is expected to be broadly supportive of PGM prices. The caveat is that the Rand could be 'stronger for longer'.

Rhodium continues to be supported at current price levels by consumer restocking following the massive selloff over the latter half of 2008. The incentive to thrift has abated at the current price levels and we expect tightening emission standards to underpin rhodium demand over the medium term. The market remains fully supplied and will continue to be so for the next few years.

In the wake of the dramatic decline in metal prices and the dollarisation of the Zimbabwean economy, both operating costs and capital expenditure were reviewed during the period with a view to minimising debt and conserving cash. Unit costs were negatively impacted by the increase in overhead costs as the operation prepared for ramp-up to full production in the coming year. Once this is achieved, Zimplats will become one of the lowest-cost primary producers in the world.

IRS has access to additional capacity and therefore is well positioned to expand throughput significantly.

Zimplants and Marula spent R1.4 billion and R398 million respectively during the year on their ongoing ramp-ups. Forecast capital expenditure for FY2010 is estimated at R5 billion. Cash preservation remains paramount for the group and, in the light of the current market environment it was deemed prudent to defer long lead projects such as Leeuwkop and Marula Merensky. As a result, capital expenditure over the next five years will amount to R23 billion which will be managed in line with group profitability and cash flow.

A Parboosing Johannesburg
Group Company Secretary 27 August 2009

FJP Roux (Chairman), DH Brown (Chief Executive Officer), S Bessit, D Earp, F Jakoet, Mahon*, MV Mennell, TV Mokgatla (Alt: N Carroll), K Mokhele, NDB Orleyn, LJ Paton, DS Phiri,

*British

