





-2001

Barloworld Limited for the year ended 30 September

Financial highlights

- Headline EPS +30% to 499 cents
- Operating profit +29% to R1,5 billion
- 61% operating profit from outside South Africa (2000: 57%)
- Total dividend +22% to 220 cents
- Cash flow from operations R1,6 billion (2000: R1,4 billion)
- R1 billion in acquisitions



Results

Revenues grew 24% to R27 945 million assisted by good growth in Europe, particularly in Spain and Portugal as well as by acquisitions which added new revenue of R1 510 million. Market conditions in the USA and Australia worsened in the second half whereas South Africa fared somewhat better. The rest of Africa continued its strong progress.

The implementation of Value Based Management throughout Barloworld continued to bear fruit in the results for the year under review. There was an improved performance from most business units, margins improved and operating profit rose 29% to R1 487 million. This result was achieved through excellent performances from Capital Equipment in Europe and Africa (outside South Africa), Materials Handling in the UK and from Cement and Lime. Difficult market conditions were experienced by Melles Griot and Coatings in Australia. Nearly all segments in the group increased operating profit compared to the previous year.

Finance costs increased to R305 million (2000: R247 million) largely as a result of higher borrowings following R1 billion of acquisitions.

Amortisation of goodwill increased to R88 million (2000: R47 million) due mainly to the acquisition of Barloworld (Barton) Freightliner in October 2000.

Total tax rose 27% to R383 million and the effective rate of tax before exceptional items was 28,6% (2000: 27,7%).

Fully diluted earnings per share from continuing operations before exceptional items increased 20% to 444 cents (2000: 370 cents*). Headline earnings per share rose 30% to 499 cents (2000: 383 cents).

Exceptional costs of R278 million are primarily impairments. These relate mainly to the impairment to the cost of the investment in Avis Southern Africa to current market value, the assets of Robor Stewarts and Lloyds which are in the process of being sold and the closure of the ink, protective coatings and wood finishes businesses.

Cash flow available from operations remained strong at R1 652 million (2000: R1 423 million). The disposal of assets also generated R411 million in cash (2000: R1 285 million).

The balance sheet remains healthy and gearing excluding leasing operations was 31,1 % (2000: 12,6%).

The directors have declared a final dividend of 145 cents per share (2000: 120 cents) resulting in a 22% increase in the total dividends declared for the year to 220 cents (2000: 180 cents).

*Includes the results of the paper business which were previously classified as discontinued

Segmental review

Capital Equipment

Year ended 30 Sept

	Revenue		Operating profit		Net assets	
R million	2001	2000	2001	2000	2001	2000
Europe South Africa Other Africa	4 629 2 065 1 266	3 912 1 811 439	418 74 130	317 49 16	1 518 749 377	967 626 200
Share of associate income			(3)	7		
	7 960	6 162	619	389	2 644	1 793

European revenues rose 18% and effective cost control saw margins improve. The Spanish and Portuguese operations produced another excellent performance on the back of the continued strength of the ongoing public sector fixed investment programmes. Major equipment deals were secured with a number of contracting companies and the after market (parts and service) business was also very strong. Our success in increased market penetration was recognised through the award from Caterpillar as European Dealer of the Year for both dump trucks and excavators. In Siberia the order book and activity levels continue to grow. The increase in net assets in Europe compared with the previous year was due to the impact on inventories of the timing of sales over the year-end.

A steady recovery in the second half of the year saw an improved performance from operations in South Africa. Demand for mining equipment was buoyant and sales were enhanced by the growth in long-term maintenance and repair contracts. The market for construction equipment remained depressed due to the continuing low levels of infrastructural spending. The Hyster lift truck business experienced a modest increase in volumes and having been fully absorbed into the capital equipment infrastructure, made an improved profit contribution.

The other African operations continued the solid first half performance with substantial contributions from sales to the mining sectors in Angola, Botswana, Namibia and Zambia.

Industrial Distribution

Year ended 30 Sept

	Revenue		Operating profit		Net assets	
R million	2001	2000	2001	2000	2001	2000
North America Europe	3 367 1 684	1 897 1 167	109 75	139 48	1 527 728	703 582
Share of associate income			(8)			
	5 051	3 064	176	187	2 255	1 285

Substantial revenue growth occurred in North America due to the acquisition of Barloworld Freightliner in October 2000. Notwithstanding a sharp decline in demand for heavy-duty trucks, Barloworld Freightliner finished the year with an operating profit. The recession in the US lift truck and trenching equipment markets resulted in a decline in profits from the region despite good progress in restructuring the business to lower its cost base.

The materials handling business in Europe performed well, increasing market share in difficult trading conditions. Revenue growth was enhanced by the first nine months of the Tri-Services contract with the UK Ministry of Defence. Margin improvements resulted from ongoing restructuring programmes.

Motor

Year ended 30 Sept

	Revenue		Operating profit		Net assets	
R million	2001	2000	2001	2000	2001	2000
South Africa	5 805	5 008	99	72	735	990
Other Africa	281	248	7	9	30	19
Australia	460	367	8	13	414	81
Share of associate income			29	10		
	6 546	5 623	143	104	1 179	1 090

In South Africa, an unchanged share of a slightly improved market saw revenues rise 16%. Effective cost containment saw margins improve and operating profit grew 38%. The investment in Avis made a good contribution to the performance of Barloworld Motor.

In the rest of Africa, an improved performance in Namibia contrasted with a slowdown in Botswana.

In Australia, the dealerships produced lower profits in a depressed market and the increased year-end asset base was the result of the acquisition of three dealerships late in the year.

Segmental review continued

Cement & Lime

Year ended 30 Sept

	Revenue		Operating profit		Net assets	
R million	2001	2000	2001	2000	2001	2000
South Africa Other Africa	1 771 199	1 537 150	406 39	271 27	2 106 117	2 016 87
Share of associate income			24	15		
	1 970	1 687	469	313	2 223	2 103

Revenue grew 17% and a 50% increase in operating profit was largely attributable to initiatives linked to Value Based Management.

Cement sales volumes grew by 0,7% and the focus on improving the quality of the customer base continued. Cost reductions in the manufacturing process resulted from improved process efficiencies, better plant utilisation and innovative waste burning solutions. Increased cement exports, the newly acquired Mooiplaas quarry and a better performance from the aggregate operations all contributed to the increase in turnover and profits.

Lime sales volumes rose 3% mostly due to increased sales of burnt dolomite. Energy costs were reduced following the commissioning of a second pre-heater and the introduction of waste burning at the Lime Acres plant.

Returns from PPC Saldanha are now approaching the levels anticipated.

The packaging business also did well with increased sales of self-opening bags, higher productivity and the benefits flowing from restructuring in the prior year.

Scientific Products

Year ended 30 Sept

	Rev	Revenue		Operating profit		ssets
R million	2001	2000	2001	2000	2001	2000
Europe	903	746	80	52	819	620
North America	724	547	62	55	450	315
Asia	178	179	8	17	127	120
	1 805	1 472	150	124	1 396	1 055

The European operations, dominated by the laboratory equipment business, did well. Higher demand for laboratory products combined with firmer pricing and the effects of cost reductions flowing from the rationalisation of operating sites in the previous year. The Protean group of companies, acquired in August 2001, also made a contribution to the results for the year.

In North America, there was a significant slowdown in the laser and optics business (Melles Griot) in the second half of the year. However, the good first half performance and rapid restructuring as business volumes declined ensured increased profits for the year.

The Asian business, which is predominantly Melles Griot, did not benefit from demand growth in the first half of the year and accordingly showed reduced profits for the full year.

Coatings

Year ended 30 Sept

	Revenue		Operating profit		Net assets	
R million	2001	2000	2001	2000	2001	2000
South Africa*	911	873	43	36	395	412
Other Africa	85	68	8	5	22	14
Australia and Asia	796	863	(43)	(11)	293	310
Europe	98	84	4	8	21	17
Share of associate income			7	13		
	1 890	1 888	19	51	731	753

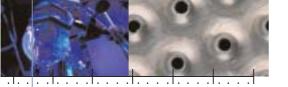
^{*} Included in the results for South Africa are the inks, protective coatings and wood finishes businesses prior to their disposal/closure. These businesses incurred R6 million of trading losses in 2001 and R1 million in the prior year.

Decorative coatings volumes in South Africa were unchanged from the previous year; however revenues were lower due to the effect of the closure of the industrial coatings joint ventures. A buoyant automotive market and cost reductions throughout the operations resulted in improved margins and a 19% profit increase.

In the rest of Africa the decorative paint businesses did well in growing markets.

While market share was maintained in Australia, revenues declined sharply and margins were reduced in a market which was depressed post the Olympics and the introduction of general sales tax. An eight week strike at the Sydney factory at the end of the period under review also contributed to the increased loss. The export business to China continues to develop satisfactorily.

Profits from the speciality coatings business in the United Kingdom declined with reduced margins due to market pressure.



Segmental review continued

Steel Tube

Year ended 30 Sept

	Revenue		Operating profit		Net assets	
R million	2001	2000	2001	2000	2001	2000
South Africa*	1 343	1 211	9	3	419	440
Share of associate income			7	4		
	1 343	1 211	16	7	419	440

^{*} The trading loss of R11 million (2000: R16 million) incurred in Robor Stewarts & Lloyds is included in the results.

Revenues rose in real terms despite a depressed southern African steel tube market. Exports of tube products increased. The benefits of restructuring were seen in a steady improvement in operating profits in the second half of the year. A decision has been made to exit the loss making Robor Stewarts & Lloyds distribution business.

Financial Services and Other

Year ended 30 Sept

	Revenue		Operating profit		Net assets	
R million	2001	2000	2001	2000	2001	2000
Leasing	629	591	(2)	16	3 455	2 725
Other	751	759	(47)	13	2 005	1 112
	1 380	1 350	(49)	29	5 460	3 837

A satisfactory performance in the leasing operations in the United Kingdom was offset by the adverse effect in South Africa of lower interest rates and an increased provision for non-performing debt, due to the decline in the building and construction industry. The motor book performed well. The United Kingdom and USA book increased to R1 849 million (2000: R1 017 million) and the book in South Africa was R1 606 million (2000: R1 708 million).

Other comprises treasury, insurance, information technology, property and corporate activities as well as the UK-based speciality paper business and the newly constituted logistics operation. The increase in net assets compared with the previous year was due primarily to a short-term increase in treasury cash.

Value Based Management

The implementation of Value Based Management (VBM) throughout the organisation continues to progress well. VBM is designed to drive every management team within Barloworld to focus on shareholder, customer and employee value. It is a long-term strategic focus which is fundamentally changing the way the group is managed and was a key driver of the improved performance in the year under review. Each operating division is required to demonstrate that, on average it can achieve a cash flow return on investment (CFROI) in excess of the group's real cost of capital through a business cycle. The group achieved a real CFROI of 8,3% in 2001 (2000: 6,7%) surpassing the target we set in September 1999 to exceed a real cost of capital hurdle rate of 8% within two years.

Acquisitions

The more significant acquisitions during the year included Barloworld (formerly Barton) Freightliner Inc. headquartered in Memphis, Tennessee for R478 million; the Protean Laboratory business in the UK for R267 million; three motor dealerships in Melbourne, Australia for R207 million; Mooiplaas Dolomite (Pty) Limited in South Africa for R25 million through our listed subsidiary Pretoria Portland Cement Company Limited; the vehicle accident repair operations of Avis Southern Africa Limited, Flemingo Plant Hire and several motor dealerships in South Africa.

After the year-end, PPC acquired Portland Holdings Limited in Zimbabwe for R432 million settled by a combination of cash and PPC shares. As a consequence of the issue of these shares, Barloworld's interest in PPC reduced from 68% to 63%.

Prospects

We remain focused on value creation for all stakeholders. The drive to implement Value Based Management throughout the organisation provides a platform to enhance the growth of the group and the benefits will be felt in the year ahead.

The spread of Barloworld's business activities means that we are well positioned to take advantage of any improvement in the global outlook as well as any growth opportunities that may arise.

While it will be difficult to show an improvement in the first half of 2002, we plan to make further progress over the full year.

Income statement

B = 200 = 1	0004	2000	04 1
R million	2001	2000	% change
Revenue	27 945	22 457	24
Operating profit	1 487	1 155	29
Finance costs Income from investments	(305) 254	(247) 256	
Goodwill amortisation	(88)	(47)	
Profit from continuing	(00)	(47)	
operations	1 348	1 117	21
Loss from discontinuing operations	1 040	(30)	
Profit before exceptional items	1 348	1 087	24
Exceptional items (note 2)	(278)	668	- '
Profit before taxation	1 070	1 755	
Taxation	383	302	
Profit after taxation	687	1 453	
Income from associates	31	40	
Minority interests	(101)	(87)	
Net profit for the year	617	1 406	
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the year after deducting those repurchased in the buy-back programme (000) – basic – fully converted	195 613 201 946	205 594 209 977	
Net profit per share (cents) – basic – fully diluted	316 311	684 675	
Earnings per share from continuing operations excluding exceptional items (cents) – basic – fully diluted	452 444	373 370	20
Headline earnings per share	499	383	30
Dividends per share (cents) – interim – final	220 75 145	180 60 120	22

Balance sheet

R million	2001	2000
Assets		
Non-current assets	10 714	8 319
Property, plant and equipment	6 053	5 297
Other non-current assets	819	627
Goodwill and intangible assets	1 530	890
Investment in associates and joint ventures	332	310
Finance lease receivables	1 723	1 007
Deferred tax assets	257	188
Current assets	11 232	8 419
Inventories	4 771	3 677
Trade and other receivables	4 680	3 798
Cash and cash equivalents	1 781	944
Total assets	21 946	16 738
Equity and liabilities		
Capital and reserves		
Share capital and premium	682	690
Non-distributable reserves	2 319	1 240
Retained surplus	6 059	5 951
Equity portion of convertible bond	17	17
Interest of shareholders		
of Barloworld Limited	9 077	7 898
Minority interest	625	556
Interest of all shareholders	9 702	8 454
Non-current liabilities	3 845	2 881
Interest-bearing	2 411	1 912
Deferred tax liabilities	318	281
Convertible bond	225	180
Non-interest-bearing	891	508
Current liabilities	8 399	5 403
Amounts due to bankers		
and short-term loans	3 586	1 602
Taxation	361	214
Trade and other payables	4 113	3 178
Provisions	339	409
Total equity and liabilities	21 946	16 738

Cash flow statement

R million	Unaudited 2001	Audited 2000
Cash available from operations Cash available from operations Dividends paid	1 652	1 423
(including outside shareholders)	(436)	(381)
Net cash from operating activities	1 216	1 042
Net cash from investing activities	(2 004)	(1 693)
Acquisition of subsidiaries and investments Buy-back of Barloworld shares	(1 018) (90)	(696) (768)
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment - replacement - expansion	(613)	(551)
– rental assets – other	(654) (40)	(795) (168)
Proceeds on disposals	411	1 285
Net cash outflow before financing activities	(788)	(651)
Net cash from financing activities	1 625	411
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	837 944	(240) 1 184
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	1 781	944

Other group salient features

	2001	2000
Number of ordinary shares in issue, net		
of buy-back (000)	195 284	197 330
Net asset value per share including investments		
at market value (cents)	4 774	4 081
Total liabilities to total shareholders' funds	122,9	94,7
Total borrowings to total shareholders' funds		
- gross excluding leasing	31,1	12,6
- gross including leasing	64,1	43,7
Interest cover (times)		
- gross excluding leasing	5,4	5,4
- gross including leasing	3,3	3,3

Statement of changes in equity

R million	2001	2000		
Interest of Barloworld Limited shareholders at the beginning of the year 7 898				
Net movements not recognised in income statement	943	(418)		
Buy-back of Barloworld shares Exchange gains on translation of the financial statements of foreign operations Increase in other reserve movements	(90)	(768)		
	993 40	264 86		
Net movements recognised through the income statement	236	1 072		
Earnings attributable to ordinary shareholders Dividends on ordinary shares	617 (381)	1 406 (334)		
Interest of Barloworld Limited shareholders at the end of the year	7 898			

Segmental summary

	Reve	enue	Opera pro			e of ciate me*	Net a	issets
R million	2001	2000	2001	2000	2001	2000	2001	2000
Capital								
Equipment	7 960	6 162	622	382	(3)	7	2 644	1 793
Industrial								
Distribution	5 051	3 064	184	187	(8)		2 255	1 285
Motor	6 546	5 623	114	94	29	10	1 179	1 090
Cement								
& Lime	1 970	1 687	445	298	24	15	2 223	2 103
Scientific								
Products	1 805	1 472	150	124			1 396	1 055
Coatings	1 890	1 888	12	38	7	13	731	753
Steel Tube	1 343	1 211	9	3	7	4	419	440
Financial								
Services								
and Other	1 380	1 350	(49)	29			5 460	3 837
	27 945	22 457	1 487	1 155	56	49	16 307	12 356

^{*}Includes dividends from associates and share of retained income.

Notes

1. Accounting policies

These results have been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standards (IAS). There have been no changes in accounting policies during the year. The increase in provisions for further constructive obligations in respect of plant closure costs and employee related costs at or after retirement required under IAS have been treated as an exceptional item to the extent they relate to prior years.

The paper operations in the United Kingdom which were previously regarded as discontinuing have been reclassified as continuing under "Financial Services and Other". The Logistics operations included previously in the Cement, Motor and Capital Equipment divisions have also been reclassified under "Financial Services and Other". Prior year results have been revised accordingly.

2. Net profit from continuing operations

R million	2001	2000
Net profit for the year	617	1 406
Discontinuing operations		
Loss from discontinuing operations		30
Exceptional items	267	(670)
Profit on disposal of shares in Comparex Holdings Ltd and Dimension Data Holdings Ltd Impairment losses Additional obligations under IAS	207 93	(698) 59
Provision for closure costs no longer required Profit on sale of property and investments Attributable exceptional items of associates	(29) (6) 13	(29)
Exceptional items before taxation	278	(668)
Taxation Interest of outside shareholders	3 (14)	1 (3)
Net profit from continuing operations	884	766
3. Headline earnings		
Net profit from continuing operations Goodwill amortisation Loss/(profit) on disposal of fixed assets (excluding rental assets)	884 88 4	766 47 (24)
Headline earnings	976	789

Dividend declaration for the year ended 30 September 2001: Dividend No 144

Notice is hereby given that the directors of Barloworld Limited have declared a final ordinary dividend of 145 cents per share to all shareholders.

The salient dates for the final dividend are as follows:

Last date to trade ordinary shares

"CUM" dividend Friday, 11 January 2002

Ordinary shares trade "EX" dividend Monday, 14 January 2002

Payment date Monday, 21 January 2002

Share certificates may not be dematerialised or rematerialised between Monday, 7 January 2002 and Friday, 18 January 2002, both dates inclusive.

Directors

Record date

Executive: AJ Phillips* (*Chief Executive*), DC Arnold, K Brown*, MD Coward, LS Day*, JE Gomersall*, AJ Lamprecht, PM Surgey. **Non-executive:** WAM Clewlow (*Chairman*)*, RKJ Chambers*, PTW Curtis*, Sir Andrew Hugh-Smith**, MJ Levett*, DB Ntsebeza, SB Pfeiffer*, LA Tager, EP Theron*.

Addresses

Registered office and business address

Barloworld Limited Company registration number 1918/000095/06 Share code: BAW ISIN code: ZAE000026639 Katherine Street PO Box 782248, Sandton, 2146 South Africa

United Kingdom registrar

Lloyds TSB Registrars The Causeway, Worthing West Sussex, BN99 6DA, England

Auditors

Deloitte & Touche, The Woodlands Cnr Woodlands/Kelvin Drives, Woodmead, 2119 South Africa

Transfer secretaries

Mercantile Registrars Limited 11 Diagonal Street Johannesburg, 2091 South Africa

Friday, 18 January 2002

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OR VISIT THE BARLOWORLD WEBSITE **www.barloworld.com**

^{*}British *American *Member of audit committee



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